Daily British Colonist.

WENTY-SEVENTH YEAR.

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY. JULY 12, 1885.

VOLUME XLIV NO. 26

Daily Colonist.

PUBLSIHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY

BY D. W. HIGGINS.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.

TERMS---INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

THE DAILY COLONIST—Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of Canada)....................$10
Parts of a year at the same rate
Per Week (if delivered).............25 Cents.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion 10 cents, each subsequent consecutive insertion 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES among the local items or reading matter, 20 cents per line each insertion or $1 50 per line per month. If inserted in column "What Some People Say," 30 cents per line each insertion or $2 per line per month. No Special Notice inserted or less than $3.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates per line solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisement:—

Not more than one week—30 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.

More than one fortnight and not more than one month—50 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every day insertion.

Liberal Allowance on yearly contracts.

"Calling attention" to an advertisement, 20 cents per line each insertion.

☞ Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of specified period will be charged as if continued for full term.

THE WEEKLY COLONIST — Postage free to any part of the Dominion....................$2 50
Six Months.............................$1 50
Three Months...........................75

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line, solid nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING IN TIME FOR THE MAIL

OUR SAN FRANCISCO LETTER.

CELEBRATION OF THE NATIONAL HOLIDAY—MONSIGNOR CAPEL THE CATHOLICS IN SAN FRANCISCO CHINESE QUESTIONS—MISCELLANEOUS.

(Correspondence of The Colonist.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 4th.

The nation's birthday! The glorious 4th! While I write the audible celebration of the day reaches my ear with a dull, steady roar, while occasionally an explosion of firecrackers in the immediate neighborhood betoken Young America's hearty participation in the fun. The day is, of course, a general holiday and the city is in gala dress; flags and bunting displayed everywhere. In addition to the usual celebration of the day by a grand military parade, it has been chosen as a fitting occasion for unveiling the memorial statue of President Garfield, at Golden Gate Park. The 4th of July committee and the Garfield memorial association agreed to a joint programme for the day. Accordingly, after the parade the infantry were dismissed, and the cavalry and artillery escorted the association to the park where the statue of

THE BELOVED DEAD

was unveiled with appropriate ceremonies.

The day has been celebrated in various other ways. A regatta on the bay attracted many spectators. Most of the wholesale houses closed on Thursday night thus giving a three days' holiday. All will at least have Saturday and Sunday, and as the railways offer special excursion rates the exodus to the country has been large. The prettiest feature of the celebration will be the fireworks to-night, for, though the public appropriation for that purpose was smaller than usual, private displays always make the city a beautiful sight on the night of the 4th.

THE DISTINGUISHED PRELATE.

Quite a stir has been occasioned by the presence in the city of the celebrated Catholic prelate and controversalist, Monsignor Capel who is making an extended lecturing tour throughout the country in aid of the educational fund of the church. A large audience listened to his first lecture on "The Existence of God," and on the following morning a letter appeared in one of the papers from the

MARQUIS OF QUEENSBURY,

now in the city, protesting against the lecturer's allusions to the belief or lack of belief of the agnostics, whose system of faith the pugilistic Marquis upholds. This titled gentleman whose name is prefixed to the immutable code of laws which govern the fistic arena, is no doubt possessed of an exhaustive knowledge of "the manly art," but he should have hesitated before engaging in a polemical encounter with one so far his superior in that line as the controversial opponent of Gladstone and Canon Liddon. In very involved language he attempted to explain that the agnostics do not deny the existence of "a divine, almighty, inscrutable power," but only the right or possibility of naming that power. The letter showed to very poor advantage when compared with Mgr. Capel's logical answer, published next morning. Another letter from the Marquis followed, but the pugilist is no fit adversary for the priest, and as yet the latter has not returned to the fray. The controversy afforded an opportunity for a witty, though rather irreverent editorial article in which the language of sporting circles was ludicrously mingled with that of the theologians.

THE CATHOLICS

in San Francisco seem to be unusually active just at present. Several projects which were held in abeyance while a change in the jurisdiction of this diocese was contemplated have, since the departure of Archbishop Alemany and the elevation to the archiepiscopacy of Coadjutor Riordan, been taken up with renewed interest. It has long been the intention to replace old St. Mary's Cathedral with a new and magnificent building. The present site, corner of Dupont and California streets, is fast being surrounded by the creeping tide of Chinese population. The new cathedral will, therefore, be erected on the property bounded by Van Ness avenue, Franklyn, O'Farrell and Ellis streets, which will also contain a residence for the archbishop and Father Prendergast, pastor of the cathedral, with their suites. The former has, for the present, taken up his residence in the rectory adjoining the little church of St. John the Babtist, Eddy street.

Another building enterprise is

ST. DOMINIC'S CHURCH,

corner of Bush and Pierce streets. This work, begun several several years ago, was discontinued for lack of funds, but has been resumed, and now promises to be steadily carried forward. There has long been a wooden church on the same block which has hitherto sufficed for that parish, but it is to give place to a massive brick structure, the walls of which are several feet in thickness. The catholics have already a number of fine churches, particularly St. Patrick's and St. Ignatius, and the new buildings promise to add still further to the architectural beauty of the city.

While British Columbia is excited over

CHINESE AFFAIRS,

California, in spite of the restriction act, is not altogether easy. The appointment of Col. Denby as minister to China has not found favor in this state. It was a disappointment that a Californian was not chosen for that office, and the reported speeches of the new minister in regard to the course he intends to pursue in his relations with the Chinese government, do not tend to allay fears. Eastern ideas on the subject of our intercourse with China read very well, but a Pacific coast resident puts little faith in plans for closer trade relations with a country whose millions of inhabitants are, to a great extent, producers only, consuming, in comparison, almost nothing which the outside world can supply.

Reports have recently come to hand of a lecture delivered in Vienna by Baron Von Hubner, the traveler and writer, which presented the Chinese question in a startling way. He says:

"Whoever speaks of the important changes on the face of the globe must not allow China to pass unremarked. The war of England and France against the Celestial empire was an historical fact of world-wide importance, not because of the military successes achieved; but because the allies cast down the walls through which 400,000,000 of inhabitants were hermetically closed in from the outside world. With the intention of opening China to Europeans, the globe has been open to the Chinese. Who travels now adays through the flowery kingdom? No one, with the exceptions of the missionaries, whose presence was already tolerated there, and in addition to these there are a few explorers. But the Chinese are

STREAMING OVER THE GREATER PART OF THE GLOBE

and are also forming colonies."

After showing how these people are spreading and increasing everywhere and coming in contact with Caucasian peoples, he closes as follows:

"What will be the result of the meeting of these white and yellow streams? Will they flow peacefully on parallel lines in their repective channels, or will their commingling lead to chaotic events? We cannot tell. Will Christian society and Christian civilization in their present form disappear, or will they emerge victorious from the conflict, carrying their living, fruitful, everlasting principles to all the corners of the earth? We cannot know. These are the unsolved problems, the secrets of the future, hidden within the womb of time. What we now distinguish is only the first clangor of the overture of the great drama of the coming times."

JUDGE FIELD,

of the United States supreme court, who arrived from the east the other day, made some very sensible remarks to a newspaper reporter on the subject of the Chinese. After saying that there is a growing feeling against them in all parts of the east, he gave his own views in regard to them, as follows:

"I believe that the Chinese should only be allowed to come to America for the purpose of foreign commerce and to study in our colleges, if they so desire. I would not allow them to labor here, nor to manufacture, nor to engage in any kind or sort of domestic industry."

MISCELLANEOUS.

The wreck of the steamship City of Tokio cast a gloom over local shipping circles, as the vessel was one of the prides of this port. A number of San Francisco people were among the passengers.

In the Publishers' Weekly (New York) is a notice of a new book on Alaska and the Northwest in general, by Miss Margaretha Neppner, author of "The North Star and The Southern Cross." No doubt many of the Victoria merchants will remember this soft voiced, confiding little Teutonic lady who visited their city not many months ago, bringing letters of introduction to several.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop Kip, Episcopalian bishop of California, this week celebrated his golden wedding, and also the fiftieth anniversary of his ordination. Services in honor of the latter were held in the Church of the Advent. The wedding anniversary being more of a social event was celebrated at his residence, and was a very brilliant affair. Besides many parishioners and friends of the worthy couple, thirteen Episcopal clergymen of this city and vicinity assembled to pay their respects. The display of flowers on this occasion was very beautiful, many handsome flower pieces being sent from all parts of the diocese. A purse of $7,000, collected in the several Episcopalian churches of this city was presented to the bishop.

By exercising a little patience I can forgive some typographical sins of omission and commission, but when a wicked compositor makes me say that "Californians are elated over the prizes taken by their *wives* at the New Orleans' Exposition," I must protest. Strauss has jointly apotheosized wine, wife and song in one of his delightful waltzes, but, as yet, Californians have not taken to exhibiting together in public the product of their vineyards and the wives of their bosoms, though our fair Californiennes might well carry off any prize for beauty.

VICTORIA.

◆

CURIOSITIES, ANCIENT OR MODERN, bought, sold or exchanged. Indian totem poles, figures, masks, bowls, tools, Indian dress, &c., in carved stone, wood, ivory, bone, &c. Mineral specimens, old coins, shells or Indian relics of any kind. Correspond with Nathan Joseph & Co., 641 Clay street, San Francisco, 6mdw*

DELAYED DISPATCHES

EUROPE.

PARIS, July 10.—The Chamber of Deputies this afternoon voted an appropriation of $800,000, to be expended by the States in maintaining and educating every seventh child born to a French family. This action is taken to revive an obstacle law enacted during the French revolution in the interest of an increase of the French population. The present enactment applies to either sex, and is confined to children of parents in needy circumstances. An attempt to reject this latter restriction was negatived by a vote of 260 to 121.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 10.—General Annekophf has proposed a scheme for the construction of a ship canal from the Caspian Sea to Michael's Bay, to avoid transfer of cargo from deep to light draught vessels.

TONQUIN.

PARIS, July 10.—A dispatch to the government from Hue, capital of Annam, says General DeCourcy has issued a manifesto to the effect that with the exception of a few of the ringleaders who planned the recent unprovoked attack upon the French troops at Hue, all those rebels who surrender within 12 days will be granted a general amnesty. Annamite troops at Hue and its envirous have disbanded and surrendered their arms to General DeCourcy.

◆

The coral industry on the Algerian coast is now regulated by a decree of the French Government. In future the fishing for coral must no longer be conducted with the use of apparasus made of iron or other metal, and it is supposed that implements of this nature end to distroy the reefs and prevent their reproduction.

◆

Mrs. Bascomb—I notice by the papers that a rich New Hampshire bridegroom committed suicide six weeks after his marriage. Mr. Bascomb—His wife was not more than eighteen, of course. Yes, old men are proverbially indulgent to their wives.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. J. LANGLEY & Co.d&w

ALEX. CAMPBELL. R. E. LEMON.

CAMPBELL & LEMON,

IMPORTING DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

INSURANCE AGENTS & GENERAL MERCHANTS

EAGLE PASS, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

je23dw3m

VICTORIA, July 6th, 1885.

To the General Agent for the

Great Western Mutual Aid Association,

COR. DOUGLAS & YATES STS., VICTORIA, B. C.

I BEG TO RETURN THANKS TO THE ASSOCIATION you represent for the prompt manner in which I have been paid indemnity ($ 5 per week) for loss of time while suffering from an accident received in loading my dray on the 13th of June last, only a few days after becoming a member.

CHARLES T. STUART,
Drayman,
jy7 tf Victoria Truck & Dray Company.

DR. CHIPP,

(LICENTIATE OF MEDICINE)

M. R. C. S., L. S. A., LONDON, ENGLAND,

OPERATIVE SURGEON.

DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND NERVOU system, and all Organic Affections, Specialtie Office Hours—Morning, 9 til 1 o'clock; Evening, till 9 o'clock, and any hour during the night.

NOTE—Women and Children only afternoon from 2 till 5 o'clock.

Office—Langley and Bastion sts., Victoria, B.C. my31 2ply

FOR SALE,

By E. B. MARVIN,

SAN JUAN LIME,

PLASTER PARIS, PORTLAND CEMENT,

Paints, Oils, Varnish, Etc.

je18 1m WHARF ST., VICTORIA.

FRED. PAINE

Has Opened His Barber Shop

AT THE CORNER OF WADDINGTON ALLE and Johnson street, and will be happy to meet all his old friends and acquaintances. je23 1m

G. A. SARGISON,

ACCOUNTANT & GENERAL AGENT.

ORDERS LEFT AT OPPENHEIMER BROS., at *The Colonist* Office, or sent by mail, promptly filled. jy5

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH,

NORTH SAANICH.

PARTIES HAVING CLAIMS FOR LABOR OR material furnished to the above named church are requested to send them in within TEN days from date, or they will not be allowed.

W. COLLISS, } Church-
D. R. KER, } wardens.
July 8th, 1885. jy8dw3t

DR. JACKSON'S

OFFICE AND DRUG STORE

REMOVED TO DUCK'S BUILDING, CORNER of Johnson and Broad streets. Office hours—9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 6 to 9 p.m. Telephone Call—Office, No. 132; Residence, 35. jy3 1m

THE DRIARD

TRANSFER CO'Y

STABLES,

CHATHAM STREET. TELEPHONE CALL 528.

CARRIAGES TO HIRE DAY OR NIGHT.
☞CHARGES MODERATE.☜

je27 1m R. SHAW, Manager.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

Restores the color, gloss, and youthful freshness of the hair; stimulates a rich and luxurious growth; thoroughly cleanses the scalp; prevents dandruff and humors; and is the most cleanly and effective preparation for the hair ever offered to the public. Rev. J. W. Davenport, Illinois Bend, Texas, writes: "Ayer's Hair Vigor, used in my family for several years, has no equal as a dressing, nor for preventing the hair from falling out or turning prematurely gray. It ranks among the first luxuries of our house." Miss Kate Rose, Ingersoll, Ontario, writes: "While keeping my head clear of dandruff, and preventing Scald Head, Ayer's Hair Vigor has also caused my hair to grow luxuriantly, resulting in my now possessing hair forty-two inches long, and as thick as could be desired." The wife of Dr. V. S. Lovelace, Lovelaceville, Ky., had very bad tetter sores upon her head, causing the hair to fall out. Ayer's Hair Vigor healed the sores, and in less than twelve months produced hair a foot long.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

For sale by all Druggists.

No More Bald Heads.

To produce a new growth of hair on bald heads, in the case of persons advanced in years, is not always possible. When the glands are decayed and gone, no stimulant can restore them; but, when they are only inactive, from the need of some excitant, the application of Ayer's Hair Vigor will renew their vitality, and a new growth will result. L. V. Templeton, Newbern, N. C., writes: "After a protracted illness, with fever, my hair all came out, leaving me entirely bald. I procured a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor, and, before I had used all its contents, a thick growth of hair, nearly two inches long, covered my head." L. D. McJunkin, Perryville, Md., writes: "Baldness is hereditary in my family. Five years ago the hair on the top of my head was becoming weak and thin. I procured Ayer's Hair Vigor, the application of which invigorated the hair roots, and sent out a new growth of young hair. To-day my hair is as thick and vigorous as ever. I still use the Vigor occasionally to keep my scalp in a healthy condition."

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR.

PROFESSIONAL.

A. M. TAYLOR, M.D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, SEHL'S BUILDING, Langley street, Graduate of Missouri Medical College, St Louis; formerly County Physician of Scott County. Office hours—9 to 12, 2 to 4, and 7 to 8. Telephone Call 64.

Diseases of Women a specialty. de13 1m

DR. CHAN DAN DONG,

509 GOVERNMENT ST.

TWENTY-EIGHT YEARS PRACTICE IN CANTON and San Francisco. A speedy cure guaranteed in all cases of disease or fever of all kinds.

☞Only Hot Medicines used. fe20 6m

Wm. Newcombe, M.D.

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.

FIFTEEN YEARS RESIDENT PRACTITIONER in the city of Toronto.

Office and Residence, Pandora street, a few doors east of the Synagogue. fe26

BALL'S

HEALTH PRESERVING

CORSETS.

ALL WHO WEAR

BALL'S

CORSETS

Are Delighted With Them.

RECOMMENDED

By the Best Physicians and all who appreciate Fit and Comfort.

TRY THEM ONCE!

And you will wear no other. Full Lines in Misses', Ladies' Nursing and

LADIES' CIRCLE CUT

RIDING CORSETS

Just received by the Agents for British Columbia.

HUTCHESON, YOUNG & CO.

EIGHT

EXCELLENT REASONS why every Lady Should wear

BALL'S CORSETS

FIRST—They need no breaking-in.

SECOND—Invalids can wear them with ease and comfort, as they yield to every movement of the body.

THIRD—They do not compress the most vital part of the wearer.

FOURTH—They will fit a greater variety of forms than any other make.

FIFTH—Owing to their peculiar construction they will last twice as long as any ordinary corset.

SIXTH—They have had the unqualified endorsement of every physician who has examined them.

SEVENTH—They have given satisfaction to all ladies who have worn them, the common remark being, "We will never wear any other make."

EIGHTH—They are the only corset that a manufacturer has ever dared to guarantee perfectly satisfactory in every respect to the wearer, or the money refunded after three weeks' wear.

FOR SALE AT

THE WHITE HOUSE

je14 HUTCHESON, YOUNG & CO.

FURNITURE.

IMMENSE REDUCTION!

IN PRICES OF

FURNITURE

JACOB SEHL,

MANUFACTURER OF FURNITURE of every description, on account of increased facilities and larger demand, is now enabled to offer all kinds of Furniture at a Great Reduction from former prices.

Bedroom Suites from $20 up.

Elegant new designs in Diningroom Suites. Parlor Suits and Draperies to match on hand and made to order, which for style, workmanship and quality of goods are not surpassed on the coast.

CARPETS of all grades as cheap as any other house in the country can offer.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is called to the Woven Wire Mattresses which for comfort, cleanliness and durability are the best now in use. These Mattresses are manufactured here now; all sizes at about one-half the cost of imported ones.

mh21 J. SEHL, Government street.

JOHN WEILER,

FORT STREET,

HAS JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM THE best factories in the East several carloads of

WALNUT AND ASH

FURNITURE

Which for Workmanship and Design are unsurpassed in this province, consisting of

BEDROOM SUITES,

EXTENSION AND PARLOR TABLES,
SIDEBOARDS, BOOKCASES,
WRITING DESKS, ETC.

Also, several large invoices of CHAIRS of all kinds, from a Kitchen to a first-class Parlor and Office Chair.

Also, REED CHAIRS and ROCKERS.

Further, a complete line of the Latest Styles of

WALLPAPER,

WITH ARTISTIC DECORATIONS.

Alway on hand, the most extensive choice of

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE

Platedware, Cutlery, Lamps and Chandeliers.

Further, CARPETS of all kinds, Cocoa and Hemp and Chinese Matting, Oilcloth and Linoleum.

Intending purchasers are cordially invited to visit my establishment, examine goods and compare prices before buying elsewhere and I am sure they will not regret it, as they will save money if they favor me with their custom.

☞A Liberal Discount on IMMEDIATE CASH PAYMENTS

ap18 JOHN WEILER.

INSURANCE.

THE CITY OF LONDON

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LONDON, ENGLAND

CAPITAL $10, 00,000

Losses Paid without reference to Home office.

Chairman—Sir Henry E. Knight.
L. C. Phillips, General Manager.

SOUTH BRITISH AND NATIONAL FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF HARTFORD, CON

Assets, $27,000,000

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,
Agents for British Columbia.

OFFICE:—Burns & Co., Yates street, near Government. fe19 1y

IMPERIAL

FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

OLD BROAD ST., AND 16 PALL MALL

LONDON,

INSTITUTED, . . 1803.

FOR INSURING HOUSES AND OTHER BUILDINGS, Goods, Wares, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in port, Harbor or Dock and the Cargoes of such ships; also, Ships building or repairing, Barges or other Vessels, on navigable rivers and canals, and Goods on board such vessels throughout Great Britain and Ireland, and in FOREIGN COUNTRIES, from loss or damage by fire.

SUBSCRIBED AND INVESTED CAPITAL—ONE MILLION HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS.

Risks Accepted at Current Rates Premium.

WELCH, RITHET & CO.,
Agents for British Columbia and Washington Territory
my10

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

PURCHASE, SELL AND LEASE PROPERTY, Collect Rents, make Loans on Mortgage and transact all business relating to

REAL ESTATE.

Maps, showing the various districts on the Island and Mainland, the situation of desirable City Lots, Homesteads, Gardening and Farm Lands, can be consulted at their office. fe14

TENDERS.

NOTICE.

TO CARPENTERS

And Builders.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to Noon of

Wednesday next, 15th inst.,

For certain Works and Alterations to the Lands and Works Office.

Plans and Specifications can be seen and forms for tender obtained at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Dept.,
Victoria, B.C., 8th July, 1885. jy9

NOTICE

WATER SERVICE.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to noon of

Wednesday next, 15th inst.,

For Supplying and Delivering the Water required at Government House for the year ending 30th June, 1886.

Tenders must state the price per Imperial Gallon for delivering the water in such quantities and at such times as may be ordered.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands & Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., 8th July, 1885. jy9

NOTICE.

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to Noon of

Monday, 13th July,

For the construction of a Bridge over the Tsohun River, Comox District.

Plans and Specifications can be seen and Forms for Tender obtained at the office of the undersigned, or from the Government Agent at Comox.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands & Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., 30th June, 1885. jy1

NAVAL CONTRACTS.

FRESH BEEF, MUTTON AND VEGETABLES SUGAR, TEA AND FLOUR.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED ON BEHALF of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until Noon of

Saturday, the 1st Aug. next,

For supplying such quantities of Fresh Beef, Mutton and Vegetables, Sugar, Tea and Flour, as may be required for Navy purposes for one year certain, from the 1st October next.

Their Lordships do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender, and they reserve to themselves the power of accepting any part of a tender.

Forms of Tender containing all particulars may be obtained at this office on written or personal application

J. H. INNES,
Naval Storekeeper, etc.

Royal Naval Yard,
Esquimalt, 1st July, 1885. jy1

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

CARRYING H. M. MAILS AND W. F. & CO.'S EXPRESS AND NORTHERN PACIFIC EXPRESS.

THE PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP Co.'s steamer

QUEEN OF THE PACIFIC.

CAPTAIN ALEXANDER,

Will sail from the VICTORIA WHARF, outer harbor, for San Francisco, on

TUESDAY NEXT, JULY 14TH, AT NOON.

Intending shippers are requested to make arrangements for freight as early as possible so that room may be reserved for their shipments.

Freight for shipment by her is requested to be on the wharf of the undersigned by 5 o'clock P. M. on Monday, July 13th.

For Freight and Passage apply to

jy9 WELCH, RITHET & CO., Agents.

STEAMER FOR SALE.

THE SIDE-WHEEL STEAMER

BEAVER,

103 Tons Burden; built of English Oak; strongly Copper Fastened; fitted with a pair of Side-Lever Engines with two 36-inch Cylinders and 3 foot Stroke; Jet Condenser. (Engines made by Messrs. Bolton & Watt, of England,) Tubular Boiler 10ft. long, 12ft diameter.

The steamer is in good running order and Inspector's Certificate granted. For further particulars apply to H. SAUNDERS,

jy18dw Johnson street.

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE BARQUE

THE SIR JAMSETJEE FAMILY

Will sail for the above port about the

MIDDLE OF JULY,

And has superior accommodation for a limited number of Passengers.

For rates and other particulars apply to Captain John Thompson on board, at Moodyville, Burrard Inlet, or to

WELCH, RITHET & CO.

Victoria, B.C., 17th June, 1885. je18tf

FOR SALE—TO LET.

FOR SALE.

One of the Best Farms on the Island.

Apply on the premises.

jy8w1m JAS. HABART, Chemainus.

TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET SITUATED ON Blanchard avenue. Apply to

HALL & GOEPEL,
jy3 1m Government street.

TO RENT, FURNISHED,

THE WHOLE OR PART OF A HOUSE, FIVE minutes' walk from the Postoffice.

jy7 1m Address P. O. Box 149,

FOR SALE AT A BARCAIN.

A NEW TWO-STORY HOUSE AND FULL-sized lot on North Park street, ten minutes' from the Postoffice, contains five rooms, kitchen, pantry and bathroom. Apply to

T. C. McDONALD,
jy7 1m On the premises.

A FIRST-CLASS STORE,

WITH FIXTURES, TO LET ON LEASE, SITuated on Government street.

jy7 "A.M.," *The Colonist* Office.

VALUABLE CITY

REALESTATE

—AND—

HOMESTEAD PROPERTY

FOR SALE

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN ORDERed to seek a southern climate, offers the following valuable real estate, situated in the City of Victoria, for sale on FAVORABLE TERMS.

Business Property.

Lot on the northwest corner of Yates and Douglas streets, 60 feet on Yates by 80 feet on Douglas, with the buildings thereon. This is one of the most desirable pieces of real estate in the city, being situated on two of the principal thoroughfares and within a block of the new theatre.

Cormorant Street Property.

Handsome 13-roomed house on Fisgard street, between Douglas and Blanch rd. The lot is 60x141 feet. The rooms are all large and the house well ventilated and drained, the whole being a most desirable family residence.

James Bay Property.

The eligibly situated property on James Bay facing the Park, in the rear of the Douglas Home stead comprising a 7-roomed house, with city water laid, and has all modern conveniences. The lot has an area of about three-fourths of an acre, is handsomely laid out, is planted with flowering shrubs in great variety, and contains one of the finest and most productive orchards in the city.

ALSO,—3½ acres of pasture land adjoining the above, with cottage and stables.

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An eligibly situated dwelling, on Yates street above Blanchard. House contains six rooms; commodious stable in rear, etc.

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NOTICE.

HOLMESDALE STORE, NEAR TO SOMENOS RIVER AND LAKE.

PARTIES VISITING THE INTERIOR OF COWichan would do well to remember that they can be supplied with everything necessary for their outfit such as groceries, provisions, cooking utensils, tools, clothing, etc., etc., at the Holmesdale store, at LOW PRICES, and thereby save the expense and trouble of packing or hauling over a distance of 7 or 8 miles.

After July 1st, there will be accommodation, with or without board, for gentlemen or families wishing to spend a few days (or longer) in the locality. Any one wishing further information will please address,

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We call the attention of Consumers to the superior chewing qualities of this most excellent Tobacco. Samples will be sent free by applying to L. & E. WERTHEIMER, 300 AND 316 FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

The goods are for sale by all the principal jobbers in British Columbia. jy4dw

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A PIONEER HOUSE OF THE CITY. THE BAR is supplied with the Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. HOT LUNCH DAILY. ap7 1y

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Daily Colonist.

SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 12TH, 1885.

L. P. FISHER, Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants Exchange, San Francisco, is authorised to receive advertisements for the columns of this paper.

$20 REWARD

WILL BE PAID FOR THE ARREST AND conviction of any person who may steal *The Colonist* from the door of a subscriber.

EUROPEAN POLITICS.

The accession of the conservative party has not increased the chances of war. The liberal government had so effectually tied British interests in India in a bundle and thrown them over the fence into the Russian backyard that the Salisbury government can do no better for the present than accept the humiliating arrangement made by their predecessor. If anyone imagines, however, that the trouble is settled once and for all, he will find himself doomed to bitter disappointment before long. The same forces that produced the recent disquietude are still at work. The same men who engineered the Penjdeh fight and defied Great Britain are influencing the czar and shaping his Asian policy. The fire that Gladstone tried to quench is merely smouldering, and soon the flames may burst forth again. There is but one man in Europe who can stay Russia's progress; who can command and force the czar to halt. That man is Bismarck—the greatest statesman of the day. Cool, crafty, calculating and watchful, he bears Russia no love and would desire to see, least of all things in this world, the czar become so powerful that he could brave Germany's anger with impunity or, in furtherance of Peter the Great's will, overrun and conquor Europe. There is no love lost between Bismarck and Gladstone. In fact, the two statesmen are believed to cordially hate each other. Bismarck has not hesitated to refer to Gladstone in the reichsrath in terms of cool contempt; and Gladstone, in the famous article signed "G," told the world his ill opinion of Bismarck in no measured words. Between the conservatives, however, and the German chancellor there exists a most perfect understanding which Beaconsfield cemented at Berlin in 1878. The foreign policy of the conservatives has always been vigorous and Bismarck delights in a vigorous ally. The impression is abroad in European political circles that the conservative government has re-established an *entente cordiale* with Germany and that Salisbury and Bismarck have arrived at a perfect understanding on all the matters which a short time since threatened to disturb the peace of Europe. If this impression should prove to be correct, what a range of political possibilities are open to the two allies. Russia must at once cease her aggression and France her impertinence while Germany and Great Britain would quietly proceed to shape the destiny of Europe and Egypt for the next quarter of a century. We confess to a great admiration of Bismarck. Out of a confused mass of small states and principalities he has built up and cemented a powerful nation—welded a disorganized people into a homogeneous whole. England holds little or nothing that Germany covets while Russia's growing power fills the European mind with apprehension and must cause Bismarck many gloomy forebodings. There exist many strong reasons why England and Germany should be allies; but scarcely one can be cited why Russia should have a friend or ally in Europe.

TAXATION.

The great principle which underlies all civic taxation is improvement. If citizens want drainage and water and clean and wholesome streets they must contribute fairly and equitably towards the municipal revenue. With the monies thus obtained the holdings of ratepayers are improved and enhanced in value. The municipal council have just finished their sittings as a court to revise the assessors' valuation of properties within the municipality. The amount reduced, as was shown yesterday, is a mere bagatelle when compared with the increase. The assessors found that for thirteen years there had been no revision of the realestate roll. They also found that some proprietors had been inequitably taxed. Absentees had been especially favored with low valuations. In some instances realestate that brought the owners from $250 to $400 per month paid a tax of only $20 per year; while many small property-holders were assessed nearly to the full value of their lots. The revisors have changed all this. They have brought the undertaxed man up and have equalized values. Where a man by improving his property has enhanced the value of his neighbor's as well as his own lot improvements are lightly taxed and the neighbor is made to pay taxes on the increased valuation of his lot resulting from the enterprise of the man next to him. The revisors and the council are to be praised for their work. The revenue will be sensibly increased and civic improvements of an important character may now be proceeded with.

HOMELESS SETTLERS.

Very soon the government will have to face their greatest difficulty in connection with the unhappy Northwest rising, and from a hint dropped by the premier the other day it appears that the matter is already engaging the earnest attention of the administration. What we refer to is the indemnity to be paid to the hundreds of settlers whose once pleasant homes are now no more, blackened walls remaining as the sole monument of the terrible fire fiend started by savage hands. Besides compensation to be paid for loss of personal property, there will be indemnity asked for by those of who have been unable to put in crops this year owing to the rebellion; and these two sources of loss direct and indirect will cost the government thousands of dollars. Besides this, something will have to be done in the shape of immediate assistance to the settlers. Around Prince Albert, Battleford, etc., the government has been furnishing food to all during the past few weeks, but about ten days ago the supplies were stopped. An indignation meeting was at once held at Battleford to protest against this action, the settlers stating that they had absolutely nothing to live on. The government will therefore have to continue the supplies.

TO MOST children the bare suggestion of a dose of castor oil is nauseating. Why not, then, when physic is necessary for the little ones, use Ayer's Cathartic Pills? They combine every essential and valuable principle of a cathartic medicine, and being sugar-coated are easily taken. dw

FIVE quire pkgs of Note Paper from 25 cents to $1.00 each, at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s. *

In the County Court, Victoria.

(Before Hon. Mr. Justice Crease.)

JUDGMENTS.

Sayward vs. Adler, and Kelly vs. Adler.

This was an application, after notice, by Mr. Drake, Q. C., of counsel for the defendant, under Rule 128, made under the Imperial County Court Act, 9 and 10, Vict., cap. 95, sec. 89, made law here by a B. C. statute, the object being to set aside a judgment for $201.92 in Sayward's case and one of $87 50 in Kelly's case, rendered respectively herein for the plaintiffs in the County Court of Victoria by Mr. Justice Crease, sitting for County Court Judge, on Tuesday, the 17th day of July, 1884, and all the subsequent proceedings thereunder.

As the two cases were identical they were proceeded with at the same time.

The grounds of the motion were—

1. That the Court had no jurisdiction to issue the plaint herein;
2. Or to try the same or render judgment, and when it was tried and judgment rendered,
3. That the affidavit on which leave to issue the said plaint was granted is untrue;
4. That the said defendant was not about to abscond or delay payment of the debt.

The judgments in question had arisen under the following circumstances:

On the 17th of June, 1884, Mr. E. M. Johnson, agent of each of the plaintiffs, applied on affidavits of urgency under section 5 of the B. C. County Court Ordinance, 1867, as amended, for a short summons and hearing of the case of W. P. Sayward vs. Adler and S. L. Kelly vs. Adler.

The section under which application was made, as amended reads as follows:

"A summons may be made returnable in three days *or less* from the service thereof, by leave of the Court, upon affidavit or other proof upon oath satisfactory to any County Court Judge that the party about to be summoned is about to abscond or make default or delay payment of a debt due to any of his creditors."

The affidavits were made by E. M. Johnson, S. L. Kelly and W. P. Sayward respectively. Kelly's affidavit stated in effect that defendant was indebted to him for goods supplied in $201.92, and did not deny the debt; that he (Kelly) had applied for payment and had not been paid; that defendant had made a bill of sale of certain of his goods to one creditor (Sehl), and he was informed and believed defendant was seeking to make a sale of the remainder to Captain Clarke, auctioneer, J. P. Davies, auctioneer, and one Bornstein, with the intention, deponent believed, of absconding without paying his debt. E. M. Johnson's affidavit was to a similar effect; Sayward's also, save that the amount due was $87 50 for goods supplied and that defendant was delaying the payment of the debt due to him (Sayward.)

Each summons was made returnable at 4 p. m. on the same day.

At the hour appointed the personal service of each summons on defendant was proved, and then defendant appeared in person and was heard by himself and counsel.

For convenience, one case was taken as governing both.

S. L. Kelly, plaintiff, proved the debt, and that Adler had been offering to sell his goods by bill of sale and that defendant tried to stop it.

Mr. Walls, on behalf of defendant, objected to the summons served, on the ground that the Court had no jurisdiction in the case.

Objection overruled, but noted.

E. M. Johnson, sworn, proved defendant's admission of the debt, and repeated promise to pay; that after several applications he had not done so, and still delayed payment.

On cross-examination by Mr. Walls, on his affidavit said that he had *not* stated to Adler, as in Adler's affidavit complained, "that if he did not secure him he would have a judgment against him in two hours." Defendant told him he could not pay and he would have to raise the money to do so.

Also, that he was going to execute an assignment of all his goods and chattels to Mr. J. P. Walls.

Adler, the defendant, sworn, acknowledged to plaintiff that he had given a bill of sale to Sehl of goods bought of him some time previously; that he had no intention of leaving the country; that there was not the slightest truth in the statement that he had said he had tried to raise money on his goods and had intended to assign his goods to Walls or to anyone else.

Cross-examined as to whether he had made any proposition to Mr. Clarke with reference to goods—That he had applied to Mr. Clarke's man to ask if he had any money to lend, but not to himself, but to another party, a man proposing to go in partnership with him named Bradley; that he had told Mr. Johnson he had plenty of goods to secure his creditors, and all his papers were in Mr. Walls' hands and he could not say anything until he had seen Mr. Walls.

On being pressed with the inquiry as to what took place at Captain Clarke's with regard to borrowing money on the security of goods and stock, the defendant's answers became very evasive, unsatisfactory and contradictory on material points.

The Judge expressed himself dissatisfied with this witness's evidence, and proposed to adjourn to the next day (18th) for some better evidence on defendant's part (if any), provided plaintiff's position were secured in the interim.

A suggestion of an undertaking to that effect on defendant's part by his counsel fell through,—

Whereupon, no further evidence having been produced or offered by either party, the plaintiff, pressing for judgment and execution as the only security to be depended upon, and none other offering,—

Judgment was given plaintiff in each case, without costs, but with immediate execution.

Execution issued same day.

On Monday, the 23d of June, defendant applied on summons to set aside the judgments, on the same grounds as on the present application.

This summons was dismissed on technical grounds, when the present appeal was brought.

JUDGMENT.

CREASE, J.—I have delayed giving judgment herein partly from prolonged absence on circuit, but chiefly in expectation that, as it appeared at the hearing, that the same point was then in appeal before the full bench the question would have been, ere this, authoritatively settled, and then a decision on my part have been supererogatory. None such has yet been given.

The matter has been fully argued by counsel on both sides, and the arguments statutes, evidence, cases cited, and others bearing on the questions at issue carefully considered. It divides itself naturally into three points.

1st. Does the county court law as it now stands allow of the issue hearing judgment and execution of a short summons, and on what conditions.

2nd. Have these conditions been complied with in the present case.

3rd. Is this application brought in an improper form?

Upon the answer to these queries the judgment must depend.

The law of the case turns upon the authority and construction of section 5 of the County Court Ordinance, 1867, as amended by the Administration of Justice Act, 1881. That says:—

"A summons may be made returnable "in three days or less from the service "thereof by leave of the court, upon affi- "davit or other proof on oath satisfactory "to any county court judge that the party "is about to abscond or defraud or delay "judgment of a debt due to any of his "creditors."

This section among others of the County Court Ordinance of 1867, has in no respect been repealed by any provincial legislation since 1867, but has been confirmed by the B. C. County Court Act of 1883, section 16, which says:

From and after the passing of this act, notwithstanding anything contained in any statute, the "County Court Ordinance, 1867," and the "County Court Amendment Ordinance, 1869," and the various enactments of the imperial legislature therein mentioned so far as the same are not from local circumstances inapplicable, and so far as they are not inconsistent with a repugnant to the provisions of this act shall, with the exception of sections 3, 9, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of the County Courts Ordinance, 1867, be in force in all parts of the province, as if the same were re-enacted in this act.

From 1866 the lists of the different county court registrars throughout B. C. to the present time are replete with instances of the above kind of short summons cases.

The construction heretofore always put upon section 5 has been to make the court and judge exchangeable terms. The court was in fact the judge.

At the time the 1867 act was passed and for some eight years previously, indeed until the present time, there was only one county court in which each county court judge had full power to act—with jurisdiction continuous with the supreme court all over British Columbia, though holden by various county court judges at various times and places, frequently at the discretion of the judge—and according as the varying business and future of interior and border towns and mining camps seemed from time to time to require.

An elastic system was the outcome of the condition of the country,—short summonses and hearing the necessary practice—and that unquestioned before this and the Carpenter cases arose. Indeed it is a power which reasonably exerted, in combination with personal service is as valuable now as ever, as a companion to the Absconding Debtors' Act, especially in the scattered districts and remote places of the upper country—where personal arrest is for many reasons undesirable. No written order of a judge for formally summoning a court in such speedy cases has ever, that I know of, been made or deemed necessary. It was generally only between the two parties themselves—and the order made *on terms* and indifferently when the ordinary court has been sitting, and when not,—sometimes in court, sometimes not.

In estimating the degree of urgency of the information to be given on oath under that section to the judge—seeing that personal liberty was not at stake—as in applications for *capias ad respondendum* it has never been thought a condition of granting a short summonses that the applicant should prove that the delay mentioned in the section was *fraudulent.*

The words to 'abscond or defraud' sufficiently covered that ground where such might happen to be the basis of the application.

A clear intentional delay in payment after demand is sufficient cause. Every one who sells goods or labor to another is entitled (unless otherwise specifically expressed or understood) to immediate payment on delivery of goods or completion of the consideration. After that a delay of payment when demanded, is in many cases another name for total loss.

Under the English county court system as introduced into British Columbia, there was a provision cited by Mr. Drake for the defendant as being applicable here, enabling the plaintiff upon affidavit before the registrar (that the defendant was about to leave the ordinary jurisdiction of the court) at any time before the usual return day to issue a short summons returnable on the ordinary court day.

(The service of ordinary summons being at least 10 clear days before the court day.)

On the return day, the judge at the hearing, satisfied himself whether the defendant was about to remove out of the ordinary jurisdiction of the court or not, and he had full power to adjourn the hearing.

The ordinary jurisdiction there meant was that of the county court of the District where the complaint was issued. That was called the "Home" court in contradistinction to every other district county court, which was called a "Foreign" court.

In England, moreover, the court days were frequent, regular and at fixed intervals, and each district had its own county court, the process from one requiring endorsement before it could issue with effect into the other.

The removal of the defendant there spoken of was merely a removal from a home into a foreign county court.

The English short summons was not set on foot by affidavits before a court or a judge, nor had reference to a debtor "absconding or defrauding or delaying payment of a just debt."

No such system was in existence in British Columbia. Scarcely any analogy exists between the English and our short summons. Indeed, such a provision was, from local circumstances, inapplicable here, and has not been made to apply since, or if it have, it has not abolished, but is concurrent with that which is now under consideration. They were altogether different things.

By the side of the short summons provision of the English county court system there was an act which did deal with cases of debtors altogether, absconding, etc. (not out of the jurisdiction of the district county court but) out of the jurisdiction of England. That statute, however (14 and 15 Vict., c. 52) did not apply here. But to guard against the cases of debtors so absconding, etc., in British Columbia, which presented unusual facilities for escape, and had then only one Supreme judge, a summary power was placed in the hands of every County judge in British Columbia in these words [B. C. County Court Act of 10th December, 1859, section 7.]—"The county court judge shall have a power of granting a *capias ad respondendum* in all cases of debt of the amount of £20, or upwards.

None of the usual safeguards accompanied this power. The evils that ensued may readily be imagined and are fresh in the recollection of all practioners.

To remedy these, statutory changes necessarily took place, and among them, in 1866, this provision (section 5 of the county court ordinance, 1866) was substituted. At first it applied only to the mainland of British Columbia, Vancouver Island being then a separate colony, having a separate government and an Inferior court of the V. I. Supreme Court of Civil Justice instead of a County court. But in 1867 section 5 was repeated in the County Court Act of 1867, and extended over the whole then United colony of British Columbia, and has since, as I have described, been continuously acted upon throughout British Columbia and with very beneficial results. And this provision has been in a measure confirmed by subsequent legislation; for when in 1881, for the first time, a question arose whether the three days mentioned in the section meant as it had been so long continued three days or less—an act was passed, "The Admin. of Justice Act, 1881," which in section 2 declared that in future the section should read, three days *or less.*

In this interval between 1866 and 1881, the Imperial Bankruptcy Acts and Dominion Insolvent Acts which had been successively in operation in British Columbia before and after Confederation, and one or the other during that interval in concurrent operation with the British Columbia county court system which I described, were abolished, giving, if anything, additional value to section 5—in the eyes of a creditor within the county court limit. This, therefore, being in a measure an enlarging statute, was not to be construed strictly as if it had been in restraint of personal liberty, but liberally as facilitating and expediting the remedy of the creditor within the County Court limit without putting him to the more expensive and tardier remedy of the Supreme Court.

What change, then, did the County Court Act of 1883 (assuming it to be in full force and *infra vires*) make in this state of the law?

It clearly did not repeal the section 5, for while it expressly repeals the sections before and after section 5—namely, 3, 9, 12, 13, &c.—of the same Ordinance (*expressio unites*), it omits altogether from such appeal section 5; and therefore by the ordinary construction of law (unless there be some provision repugnant to or inconsistent with such a construction) validates it.

And there is no such provision, although in the interval county court districts and separate county courts have been established. It was argued by Mr. Drake that sec. 4 of the Indicature Act, 1881, repealed sec. 5 of the 9 and 10 Vict., c. 95, and that by the County Court Act, 1883, county courts can be held only in compliance with section 4 on the days appointed by the lieutenant-governor in council.

It is possible, if the 9 and 10 Vict., c. 95, stood alone, and assuming the last act to be *infra vires*, that might have been the effect. But here it is different. I have already mentioned that in England they had the Absconding Debtors' Act, but none here. The lack of that produced in the gradual process I have described section 5, which thus became a cumulative remedy engrafted on the Provincial Statutes.

Section 5 was considerably more than a re-enactment of English Statutes, and required a specific repeal which, as I have shown in the Act of 1883, is carefully avoided in the very section (sec 16), which specifically dealt with the subject, and repealed the sections of the Act of 1867, both before and after section 5.

Section 2 of the Act of 1881, which the learned counsel for the defendant brought forward as repealing section 5, actually enlarges its powers by inserting the words "or less" after "three days" in section 5

Now, if (as Maxwell on Statutes declares) statute law must be taken as the expression of the will of the legislature, then the care taken in the original creation and subsequent improvement of section 5 must be taken to prove that the legislature had a clear intent to preserve it, and not to repeal it.

It is not to be supposed that the legislature would make so important an innovation without a very explicit expression of its intention.

The provision was one which arose out of the business necessities of the country and its reason, the inconvenience and losses which the absence of such a provision must have created, and the desire to render speedy justice to a deserving class of settlers, who could not wait until the supreme court came round once a year to get justice.

And it is a canon of statutory construction that in determining what is the general object of the legislature or the meaning of its language in any particular passage, it is obvious that the intention which appears most agreeable to convenience, reason and justice, should in all cases open to doubt, be presumed to be the correct one.

And such a particular provision as section 5 would have called for a particular repeal.

Another canon of construction of statutes is: A general act is not to be construed as repealing a particular by mere implication, and the reason is clear. Having already given its attention to a particular subject, and provided for it the legislature is reasonably presumed not to intend to alter that special provision by a subsequent general enactment unless it manifests that intention in explicit language, which is entirely lacking here.

It seems to me abundantly clear in this case from all these considerations that the intention of the legislature was that the two sections should be read together, namely, that which provided the ten days' notice of ordinary plaints, and the three days' or less notice, according to emergency, of this other power.

With any other construction the act would not be workable.

If it be true that the last act speaks first, then the latter part of section 3 of the County Court Amendment Act, 1884, is of great weight, for that says:

"*In addition to* county courts holden at "the times and places appointed by the "lieut.-governor in council, every county "court judge may within his district hold "a county court at such times and places "as he may appoint, and may sit at any "time and place for the discharge of his "duties"

Surely this is a confirmation rather than a repeal of section 5, and proves conclusively that the power exerted by the county court is still extant and in full force.

Taking it then as proved that the judge has the power of calling a county court at any time and place, in addition to any ordinary courts which the lieutenant-governor in council may prescribe—a provision which has been found so valuable—is there anything in the act to confine the holding one of these additional courts to such as have been summoned by lengthened public notice, or under a formal order of the court, as the learned counsel for the defence suggests?

I can find none such in the act in question or any authority, and he could show me none bearing on the point.

Section 5 was made *ex necessitate rei* for cases of emergency and to prevent dishonest debtors from suddenly absconding, or defrauding, or delaying payment of a just debt. It was meant from the first to be a power concurrent with the Absconding Debtors' Act of the supreme court. There is no insolvent court for equal distribution of assets here, and he who comes first, having a just claim, is entitled first to relief. *Vigilantibus subvenit lex.*

A three days' notice, especially with a $1,000 limit, and an unscrupulous creditor, and only a shadowy boundary line to cross out of the jurisdiction, would be three days' notice to quit, and even render any application for the more expensive *capias ad respondendum* infractuous.

It would create, indeed, the very mischief which the section was put in force for so many years to prevent. Its very *ratio existendi* would be gone.

In a matter of so much every day practical importance, with such a long train of county court decisions in favor of the construction I have placed on section 5, sitting for a county court judge, I do not consider myself authorized, even were I of a different opinion, to run counter to the general current of judicial decision. I am not a court of appeal. That would be the province of another tribunal which will have to speak, and probably ere long, authoritatively on the subject in cases now pending before them.

The next question which suggests itself is—Was this a proper case in which to put such a law in force? Was there sufficient proof on oath to the judge to satisfy him that the requisites of the section were fulfilled, and so give him jurisdiction?

I am of opinion there was. There was no question of absconding. As to the legal fraud, I am not so certain; but I was and still am convinced that the defendant was delaying the payment of the debt in the sense contemplated by the statute. The debt itself is admitted. The defendant admitted it himself in cross-examination. But this evidence was delivered in so unsatisfactory a manner with such a total want of openness so evasive, so contradictory in material points, that I am compelled to withhold credence from his affidavits, made after the hearing, with the full knowledge of the points he would have to prove up to, and even with that his allegations as to his proposed sales are not complete. *Non constat* that if he did not offer his goods in entirety, he did the greater part of them. The allegation of the previous intent to convey his goods to the use of all his creditors was not declared to the plaintiffs then seeking payment of their debts, and its allegation now has all the air of an after thought. The evidence in support of the defence, of course, is good for the points which the several deponents attest as to their own connection with defendant; but while they remove any impression of intent to abscond, they do not remove the convictions derived from the manner and evidence of the defendant himself when in the witness box of the fact that he was trying to dispose of a quantity of his goods at the time, and had actually made a bill of sale of a part of them to a favored creditor; or of the danger the plaintiffs debt was undoubtedly in all that time.

It seemed and seems to me exactly the kind of case which the statute was framed to meet. Once satisfied that section 5 is in force, Robinson vs. Lenihan 2 exc. 333, gives the principle in which the jurisdiction is carried out. I did not sit on the bench during the appeal in the Carpenter cases; but I understand that there were very appreciable differences between the cases which came up then, and the cases at present before me. There was, I understand, short service, but without personal service; and the defendant did not personally appear and was not, as this defendant was, personally examined. Had the defendant asked for time, and at the same time given an assurance which the court could have taken that the plaintiffs should not have been prejudiced by any *ad interim* dealing with the goods of defendant, there was every desire to give him as much as would be reasonable. Here they had a defendant without capital, without credit, who had made a bill of sale of some goods and was seeking to dispose of the rest. So that failing any other assurance there was no security for the judgment creditors but in a *fi fa* and to that they were driven at last by the defendant himself.

This brings me to the question.

Is this the right form of remedy which has been adopted?

It is an application under rule 128 to set aside the proceedings in the case; but no mention is made in the notice of a new trial.

The English county court rules were adopted under the County Court system of British Columbia from the first and are purport to be imported *ad interim* where not inapplicable or repugnant by sec. 38 of the act of 1883, until new rules should be made as therein provided. No such rules have, however, been required or made.

Rule 128 says an application for a new trial or to set aside proceedings may be made and determined on the day of hearing if both parties be present, or such application may be made at the first Court holden next after the expiration of 12 clear days from such day of hearing, and on proper notices. This course was followed here, and now it appears to me that under rule 128, supposing the application were granted only such portions of the proceedings as are substantially objected to should be set aside. The defendant's own evidence goes to show that it was not the substance of the summons that was objected to. That his counsel pointed out was the same as in the ordinary summons, but the short date set for the hearing and subsequent proceedings. Consequently under this rule it would appear competent for the court to set aside all the proceedings except the summons. (The defendant has been personally served) and enlarge the time for hearing and a new trial. The only result of that must necessarily be judgment over again for plaintiff and execution, as it stands at present and then *cui bono?*

If the wording of the notice be alone followed, seeing it goes to everything which has taken place, then the application is an appeal. Then under the old system there would have to be notice and security, a case signed by judge and considered by the judges of appeal who could either order a new trial on terms or give final judgment for either party, or of nonsuit. In fact would have command of the whole case.

That defendant was quite cognizant of this appears from the reference he makes during the case to rule 139, which treats solely of such appeals, and from his argument that the money having been paid into court and paid out again, no security for appeal is required; treating it as in fact an appeal. Now rule 128 requires no security. It is its own security. The fact is the present application is an appeal, but not in the form sanctioned by the act of 1867. Jones *v.* Owen, 18 L. J. Q. B. 8, cited by the learned counsel for the defendant to show that *prohibition*, the former remedy under the county court system, could issue after execution is an authority to show that their application should be made to a higher court—for this is not a court of appeal under the act of 1867.

Therefore in that respect the application is wrongly brought. It is not an appeal sanctioned by the act of 1883, for that says (section 28) that appeals must be brought before two judges of the supreme court.

The remedies by prohibition or *certiorari* having already been abolished.

Moreover it has been settled, in *re* Padston assurance association, 20 Chan. Div. 142, that "an order made by a court of competent jurisdiction (like this county court) "which has authority to decide on its own competency," if it have exceeded its jurisdiction in its judgment, that judgment is an "erroneous order," and the proper remedy for that is by an "appeal" in the special form and manner provided by statute for appeals. That has not been adopted here consequently, in whatever light regarded whether as under rule 128, or as an appeal under the act of 1867, or under the act of 1883, the circumstances and law of the case are such, that upon all considerations whether of the affidavits to create the jurisdiction, or of the evidence at the hearing or of the affidavit, in reply, (which are sanctioned by Fowler *v.* Barstow, L. J. 20 Chan. Div. 244), or of the law thereon, or the mode in which the application has been brought the defendant has failed, and the decision must be rendered in favor of the plaintiff, and in each case.

HENRY P. PELLEW CREASE, J.
for C. C. J.

22nd October, 1884.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Brickyard Laborers Wanted,

WHEELERS, TRUCKERS AND SHOVELERS. Apply at the office or works.
jy12 1w KEMPSTER BROS.

C. PAGDEN

HAVING PURCHASED AND REPAIRED THE

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE SALOON,

CORNER FORT AND WHARF STREETS,

Will reopen on TUESDAY, 14th July, when he will be pleased to meet his friends and the public generally. jy12 2t

NOTICE.

TO ROAD CONTRACTORS.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS, PROPERLY endorsed, will be received by the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to Noon of

Saturday, 25th instant,

For Works and Repairs to the Roads in Metchosin and Sooke Districts.

Specifications can be seen and forms for tender obtained at the Postoffice, Metchosin, at the residence of Robt. Muir, Esq., Sooke, or at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.

Lands and Works Dept.,
Victoria, B.C., 11th July, 1885. jy12

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW STYLE AGENCY.

F. CLAUS, FOR SOME TIME IN THE LIQUOR Business, has accepted the agency of the

EMPIRE BREWERY

Of Victoria, also for the sale of

CUTTER AND JESSE MOORE WHISKIES, WINES, ETC.

Mr. C. will attend personally to the wants of Private families, also to the delivery of orders

Orders left at the grocery store of Brown Bros., Yates street, between Douglas and Broad, and P. O. Box of F. Claus, No. 436, will receive prompt attention. No article but of the very best quality will be handled by this agency. jy12 1m

THEATRE COMIQUE!

CYRS & CO. PROPRIETORS.

—THE—

THEATRE COMIQUE

Will open so soon as the Company of

15 ARTISTS. 15

Arrive. Having been disappointed by their non-arrival on Saturday, the proprietors wish to state that the Theatre will not be opened until some time during the present week, due notice of which will be given.

The Company has been selected from the leading San Francisco Theatres and will arrive on Saturday next. No effort or expense will be spared to give a first class and enjoyable entertainment, and of a nature that will be appreciated by everyone.

OLD PAVILION HALL, FORT STREET,
Next Mechanics' Institute.

POPULAR PRICES. L. J. CROSS,
jy9 Business Manager.

C. A. BIGGER,
Dominion Land Surveyor,
DRAUGHTSMAN, ETC.

OFFICE Cor. Bastion and Langley sts. (Up-stairs.)

ORDERS FROM NANAIMO, PORT MOODY, Coal Harbor and elsewhere, promptly attended to. P. O. Box 609, Victoria. je4 3m

A RARE CHANCE FOR A FARMER

WITH CAPITAL—360 ACRES, 240 OF WHICH is grain, balance in Timothy, pasture and orchard. Fine dwelling and outhouses, running creek and springs; stock and all necessary implements. Farm now rented for $1200 per year. Price, $12,000. Apply to the
TERMINAL LAND OFFICE,
jy10 3t Cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria.

$2,000 CAN BUY

HALF-INTEREST IN A CONTRACT WHERE there is plenty of money.
Apply at the
TERMINAL LAND OFFICE,
And General Agency Great Western Accident
jy10 3t & Fire Insurance for British Columbia.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS HIS VERY sincere thanks to his neighbors and friends and the Fire Department for their assistance in saving his furniture and other property from destruction by fire.
jy9 M. BAKER.

CARD OF THANKS.

THE UNDERSIGNED RETURNS HER SINCERE thanks to the fire department and those friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted to save her property from destruction by fire last night.
EMILY R. ESTES.
July 8th, 1885. jy9

Victoria Steam Laundry.

MR. AND MRS. MARTIN, OF THE VICTORIA Steam Laundry, are sorry to announce to their many patrons and customers that they are compelled to shut down on account of water Due notice will be given when they resume business.
MRS. MARTIN.
Victoria, July 7th. jy8tf

WARNING.

PARTIES TAKING GRAVEL FROM SECTION 97 known as Rosebank, Esquimalt District, will be prosecuted.
J. S. HELMCKEN.
July 10th, 1885. jy11 2w

CARD OF THANKS.

THE UNDERSIGNED WISHES TO TENDER his heartfelt thanks to his many friends and the members of the Fire Department for their kindness in assisting him at the fire this morning.
W. H. BROOKS.
Victoria, 8th June, 1885. jy9 3t

FARMERS

THE VICTORIA TRANSFER CO'Y
WILL EXCHANGE
Horses & Second-hand Vehicles
jy11 **FOR ALL KINDS OF FARM PRODUCE.**

VICTORIA
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY,
Government Street, next the Postoffice.

THE MANUFACTURING AND WHOLESALE DEPARTMENTS OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT REQUIRING the whole attention of the Proprietor, the Retail Business will be discontinued on and after the First of August next. The Salesroom and Office will be removed to the floor immediately over the present location, with entrance on Government street.

A New Department operated by WHITE LABOR has been lately added to this manufactory for the production of Ladies' and Gents' FINE SEWED BOOTS AND SHOES (kinds heretofore imported from the East). The latest improved machinery has been introduced for the purpose.

ALL OTHER KINDS MANUFACTURED AS HERETOFORE.

RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES SUPPLIED AT LOWEST RATES.

☞ ALSO FOR SALE—SOLE AND UPPER LEATHER, CALF, KIP AND SHEEPSKINS, HARNESS and BRIDLE LEATHER, SKIRTING and APARAJO.

☞ HIDES and CALFSKINS BOUGHT FOR CASH or taken in trade, or received on Consignment for sale to the highest bidder. jy10 1m

CLOTHING, HATS,
UMBRELLAS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
SCARFS,
&c., &c.

W. & J. WILSON.

LATEST STYLES
JUST RECEIVED.

THE
BEST & CHEAPEST GOODS
IN VICTORIA.

Daily Colonist

SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 12TH, 1885.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED

July 11—Str Yosemite, New Westminster
Str Olympian, Pt Townsend
Str Amelia, Nanaimo

CLEARED.

July 11—Str Olympian, Pt Townsend
Str Yosemite, New Westminster
Str Amelia, Nanaimo
Str R P Rithet, New Westminster

PASSENGERS.

Per str OLYMPIAN, from Puget Sound—M McAtty and wf, Miss Stewart, A McEwen, J Campbell, the Misses Campbell, Capt Smith, Mrs Reynolds, Miss Welzinski, M Welzinski, T Bauman, A Steinberger, E Stickland, J Welch, Miss Elder, Mrs McLellan, Mrs Heap, J Good, J Murray, S Gray and wife, S Onison, Mrs Campbell, W P Cramer and wf, C Burrel, R Lowrie, H Meldrew, A Henny, S Henny, J Cramey, Mr Lange and wf, G S Knapp, C H Clark, J W Phillips, H M Wright, Capt Urquhart, Mrs Welch, 2 Indians, 2 Chinese.

CONSIGNEES.

Per str OLYMPIAN fm Puget Sound—Delaney & Co, Neufelder & Ross, S Milling Co, J G Smith, Baker & Co, J Wilson, Van Volkenburgh, J McPhee, Marvin & Tilton, W G Norris, W G Richardson, Rev J J Johnson, T Earle, J A Caton, J H Todd & Son, Welch Rithet & Co, J E McDonald.

Personal.

Mr. John Goode, of Virginia, arrived yesterday at the Driard.

C. H. Clark and G. S. Knapp, of Chicago, are registered at the Driard.

E. F. Strickland, of Boston, arrived yesterday and is at the Driard.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Angus returned from Chemainus yesterday.

Mr. H. P. Bell came down from Chemainus yesterday.

Mr. Daniel McDonald, of Winnipeg, is at the Driard.

Miss Storey returned yesterday from spending a pleasant holiday with friends at Maple Bay.

Rev. C. J. Brenton, principal of Lorne College, New Westminster, arrived down yesterday on a holiday, and is registered at the Oriental.

Mr. L. A. Hamilton, assistant land commissioner of the C. P. R., returned, yesterday from the mainland, bronzed and healthy-looking from his long outing. He is at the Driard.

Dr. Hanington, surgeon-in-chief of the C. P. R. staff, came down on the Yosemite yesterday from Yale, and will remain a few days. The doctor expects to leave for the east about the latter part of September, and will afterwards return to Victoria for permanent residence.

Mr. J. Wolf, auctioneer, was a passenger by the Yosemite yesterday, having been viewing the sights of Burrard Inlet.

Mr. Justice McCreight came down from the mainland yesterday.

Chas. J. Reynolds, Oyster Harbor; Capt. Smith, of the Barnard Castle; Thos. McNeely, Ladner's Landing, and J. W. McLeod, accountant of the McLellan contract, are registered at the Oriental.

Mr. Amos Bowman, C. E., of the Dominion Geological Survey, left by the Rithet yesterday to prosecute his investigations into the mineral resources of the Cariboo district.

The Theatre Comique.

The new theatre to be opened week at the old Pavilion Hall, Fort street, is destined to form a very popular place of resort to those who appreciate a first-class vaudeville entertainment. Cyrs & Co., the proprietors, have thoroughly renovated the interior, which has been altered into a very neat theatre with a seating capacity of 500 persons. On the right are eleven boxes handsomely draped with lace and lambriquins; they extend the whole length of the auditorium to the stage which is arranged with the latest appliances, new scenery and a fine drop curtain. The venture gives every evidence of success and the Theatre Comique will no doubt be well patronized.

THE "great family newspaper" shows signs of repentance. The lesson it has received is a severe one; for not only has it had to submit to the castigation of *The Colonist*, but it has been pummeled unmercifully by correspondents. People are beginning to wonder what constitutes a "family newspaper" in the estimation of the Times. The Danube is said to be called "blue" because it is always muddy. It may be that the Times is called a "family newspaper" because it is the last publication a decent man would think of laying before his "family." Here is its latest offence against decency. It is appended to the advertisement of a notorious house of disorder:

"Families can be provided with suites of rooms at moderate charges. A first class cook has just been engaged. Telephone call, 507."

It would be interesting to know what Mr. Blaven, Mr. Hett, Mr. Heywood and other good and moral citizens who own stock in the Times think of the management that admits advertisements of this class into the columns of their paper.

KOOTENAY MINES.—A letter to the Oregonian from Sand Point, Idaho, says that Mr. R. T. Galbraith, with his pack train of ninety animals, is down from upper Kootenai after a cargo of merchandise. He reports the prospect of the mines good for this time of the year. There is quite a rush to Fenley creek. About forty Chinamen from the old camp have gone up there and are taking out from $1 50 to $8 per day. After the water goes down they expect to do better.

A LADY from British Columbia, now residing in London, not having been presented at the last royal drawing-room, could not in accordance with court etiquette be asked—or chaperon her daughters—to the State ball at Buckingham Palace on the 26th of June. Her Majesty graciously set aside the court rules and commanded the lady to be present at the ball with her daughters, and to be specially presented to Her Majesty the same evening.—*Court Journal.*

THE steamer Teaser arrived at 10:30 last night with 52 passengers, all recently discharged railway employees. The Teaser goes to Saanich to-day with a number of Chinamen and railway supplies.

SPLENDID residence property at the junction of Government and Douglas sts., for sale by R. Lipsett, Real Estate Broker, Government street, Victoria. *

THE sale at Regent Park realized about $1,000. There were few buyers present. Some of the best lots remain to be disposed of at private sale.

SCHOOL MEETING.—A meeting of the board of school trustees will be held on Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

A LARGE number of new arrivals from Montreal and Winnipeg are registered at the Occidental.

FOOT-BALLS, archery, etc.—H. SHORT Fort street. je26 1m

What Some People Say

That for want of a lawyer James Aird and Henry Swanson suffered loss to the amount of $500 in a lawsuit at Kamloops lately. dw

That the Times again threatens to "call a spade a spade." If he would use the spade more and the pen less it would be more to his own profit and his readers' satisfaction.

That Lord Randolph received 582 votes to Corrie Grant's 405. This gives Lord Randolph 127 majority in a total vote of 937, and at his last election he had a majority of only 60 in a total vote of 964

That you should have the children's photos taken before the holidays are past. Go to Hall & Lowe's and get the very best. *

That **J. B. FERGUSON & CO.** third door from the Postoffice, is the place to buy **DRAWING PAPER, TRACING CLOTH, AND ENGINEERS' AND ARTISTS MATERIALS.**

That two or three times of late we've poked fun at the innocent milkman, and the man who supplies us with our share of the lacteal fluid has chosen to consider our fun as personal and got mad at it. He says he can't see through our jokes. We wish we couldn't see through his milk.

That Mrs. Mackay has rented a house in Piccadilly, London, and her turnout is now seen in the grand parade of equipages daily.

That Mrs. Langtry's friends insist upon it that she grows prettier as she grows older, which will make the Lily more an object of curiosity that ever.

That **J. B. FERGUSON & CO.** have just opened 10 of **NEW ENGLISH GOODS.**

That **J. B. FERGUSON & CO** are headquarters for **OFFICE AND SCHOOL SUPPLIES.**

That an Iowa girl has an album in which she keeps a picture of all the young men who have flirted with her without coming to the point. She calls it her rogues' gallery.

That the prettiest widow in Europe, her royal highness the Duchess of Albany, is to emerge from her retirement on returning from Germany. The first appearance is to be at a charitable and fancy bazaar which she has to open at Kensington.

That **THE CONGO,** Stanley's new work can be had at **FERGUSON'S**

OOLACHANS! OOLACHANS! FROM NAAS RIVER, IN 25, 50 AND 100 LB KEGS, AT SAUNDERS' GROCERY, JOHNSON STREET.

That the mowing machine is the great enemy of snakes. It is noticeable that they are rapidly disappearing in all the grass-growing districts where the mowers are now used.

That for a wager a member of the New York Produce Exchange obtained in two hours on Saturday last fifty signatures of prominent dealers to a petition asking Queen Victoria to declare war on Russia, for the benefit of American grain growers and speculators.

That the "Seaside," the latest and most beautiful style, is just the thing for children, made only by Hall & Lowe, photographers, over Victoria House, Government street. *

That the latest attraction at the Royal Hotel is another of Brunswicke & Balke's monarch billiard tables. *2m

That the "great family paper" quotes from *The Colonist* to palliate its own wickedness. It would be as much as *The Colonist's* circulation and business are worth to quote from some of the recent articles of the Times.

OOLACHANS FROM NAAS RIVER. THIS YEAR'S CATCH, AT SAUNDERS' GROCERY, JOHNSON STREET.

That book, and job printing and lithographic work of all kinds are executed at *The Colonist* office. *

Quamichan Bazaar.

The bazaar at Quamichan on July 1st, in aid of the library building of the literary institute at that place, was held in the rooms of the institute, and proved very successful. During the day a large number of the settlers of the surrounding district were patronizing the different stalls quite freely, the affair netting a total profit of $300. The following ladies had charge of the various departments: Dinner stall, Mrs Fry and Mrs T. Williams; flower stall, Misses R. Anderson and A. Young; fancy stall, Mrs. H. Fry, Jr., and Miss Storey; clothing, Mesdames Edgson, Holmes and Wellburn; refreshment stall, Mrs. Owen and Miss Alexander.

The evening was spent in dancing, the attendance being large and the pleasure great.

EAGLE PASS.—A correspondent of the Guardian says that the line of the Eagle Pass wagonroad is being changed, and intimates that the people will have to pay for the expense. This is incorrect. The changes are being made by and at the expense of Canadian Pacific railway.

NEW STYLE AGENCY.—Mr. F. Claus has embarked in a new business, original with himself, particulars of which will be found in his advertisement. For next week he has organized a surprise for the public.

MYRTLE NAVY.—The success which the Myrtle Navy tobacco has met with the public is because it is composed of the very finest Virginia leaf grown, and is manufactured with the most scrupulous care at every stage of the process.

JUMBO yesterday steamed from the agricultural grounds to the City Hall, with Engineer Hendry in charge, who safely steered the unwieldy monster through the streets.

UNION CLUBHOUSE.—All the rooms in this building having been rented, eight additional rooms will be added immediately.

MORE SOAP.—Mr. G. E. Beloud, a practical manufacturer, will soon open a factory on Johnson street for the manufacture of soap. Brands of fine toilets will be made specialties.

NEW MARINE SURVEYOR.—Captain Eugene Bioude, of Port Townsend, has been appointed agent and marine surveyor of the board of Marine underwriters of San Francisco, for the Puget Sound ports.

C. D RAND has taken an office (up stairs) over Dr. Chipp's, on Bastion street, and will resume business as a real estate broker and insurance agent. *

A NICE dwelling house on Pandora street, for sale by R. Lipsett, Real Estate Broker, Government street. *

A NICE assortment of lawn tennis goods, direct from one of the first London manufacturers.
je26 m1 H. SHORT, Fort street.

CURRANTS—Red, White and Black, and Gooseberries from the Mainland at Beauchamp's. *

ADRIAN VIDAL, by Norris, and many other new issues of the Franklin Square Library at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s. *

How a Nanaimo Officer Arrested a Prisoner.

The Amelia yesterday had on board Deputy-Sheriff Langley, with George LaRocque in charge, the latter having been arrested in Nanaimo on Friday on a judgment warrant. The prisoner did not appear in Victoria on 25th May last in answer to a summons for pool-selling, and judgment was recorded against him and a warrant issued for his arrest. He was taken to the barracks on his arrival here, but afterwards was allowed out on bail.

There are certain circumstances in connection with his arrest which reflect great discredit on the officer who made it. The facts as related by a gentleman who came down from Nanaimo are these: On Friday night he approached LaRocque in the Royal Hotel, and stated in a rather thick voice that he had a warrant for his arrest. The prisoner asked him to read it, but but this the officer was unable to do; however, he went quietly with the officer and obtained bail at $1,000. Before doing this, however, the drunken officer wanted to iron him, and afterwards said he would do so in the morning. At 6:30 LaRocque put himself in custody and went on board the steamer. Shortly after she started the officer having imbibed too much of the ardent became noisy and attempted to carry out his threat of placing LaRocque in irons; but the latter refused to submit to it, and several of the passengers backed him up, as he was acting in a perfectly quiet and gentlemanly way. The officer, however, became more troublesome, when Cowichan was reached. Deputy Sheriff Langley boarded the steamer here, and the facts of the case were stated to him. He deferred taking any action for some time, until at last the intoxicated officer becoming a regular nuisance to all on board, at the request of several the deputy-sheriff placed him under arrest, took away his revolver and handcuffs, locked him in a stateroom and assumed charge of LaRocque.

These are in brief the circumstances of the case, which carry great discredit to the authority employed in carrying out the law, and will undoubtedly result in an investigation being held.

The Hibbs Extradition Case.

Yesterday morning Hon. John Goode, solicitor-general for the United States, arrived on the Olympian. He represents the United States government in the Hibbs case, and expects to succeed in having the prisoner returned to Lewiston for trial.

A *Colonist* reporter called on Mr. Goode at the Driard, and during a conversation the gentleman stated that having just arrived he could not tell what the Dominion government would do in the matter, but he understood that they would endeavor to show that the case did not come under the offenses designated in the extradition treaty with the United States. It was his intention to show that Hibbs could be lawfully extradited on a charge of forgery, even if the other acts of his crime were not embodied in the treaty. The United States will prove that Hibbs forged several money orders and collected the money on these forgeries. The case will probably be taken up to-morrow.

Mr. Goode expressed a high regard for the Olympian, and said that our Sound steamers compare favorably in all their appointments with the elegant steamboats in the east that ply between New York and Boston.

Mr. Goode came overland via the Northern Pacific going direct to Lewiston where he gathered testimony against the accused. The authorities at Washington are of the opinion that the offence is an extraditable one. The solicitor-general is a Virginian and represented that state in congress for several sessions. He is pleased with the signs of wealth and prosperity in Victoria, and intends to visit all the places of interest before his return east.

Nanaimo Notes.

(Free Press.)

Messrs. L Page and J. Allen returned on Wednesday from a prospecting trip to the headwaters of the Nanaimo river, in the interior of this island. Mr. Page was taken down with rheumatism, and the party was forced to return. In a week or ten days, however, they will resume their prospecting. The party had reached within seven miles of destination when they were forced to return.

In alluding to the departure of Messrs. Page and Allen, about a month ago, we published an account of the strange dream of an Italian and his persistent search for the realization of that dream in a mountain of gold. In that dream a mountain shaped like a Chinese hat was the principal perspective. The prospectors state that on crossing the divide they saw a mountain exactly in shape to a Mongolian's hat, and fully answering the Italian's description as given by him several times to Mr. Page. The finding of this mountain will give the Italian greater faith in that dream, which caused him to leave Italy's sunny clime and become a wanderer in strange lands. No doubt he will again make a pilgrimage to the vicinity of the mountain. His persistency deserves success.

Municipal Police Court.

[Before Mr. Edwin Johnson, S. M.]

SATURDAY, July 11th.

"Willian Whalen, you are charged with being drunk. Is that so?"

"Drunk, your honor."

"Five dollars, as usual."

The case of Henry O. Bristow, for obtaining money under false pretenses, was again remanded until Tuesday morning. Bristow stated that he expected to show that no fraud was intended, and that he would have had money in the bank had not the wires been down. He was granted permission to visit his rooms, where he said he could produce letters showing that he was in the habit of receiving remittances through the bank upon which the check was drawn.

INTERNAL REVENUE.—The dealers in spirits and tobacco have not as yet received any notification of advance in excise charges. The probability is that spirits will be advanced to a corresponding extent with imported liquors, and that tobacco will be increased 8 cents, making it, as before, 20 cents per pound.

THE NEW BANK BLOCK.—The turned columns for the new bank building on Government street were being placed in position yesterday. They are superior to any iron work for building purposes ever used here.

UNITED STATES REVENUE BOAT.—The United States revenue cutter Shubrick, on duty as lighthouse tender, called in the harbor yesterday morning for supplies, and departed in the afternoon for Sound ports.

THE SPORTSMAN'S FRIEND.—Colt's new lightning magazine rifle. H. Short, agent, Fort street. jy3 1m*

BRICK STORE on Yates street for sale by R. Lipsett, Real Estate Broker. *

Bush Fires.

During the past few days bush fires have been raging over a very large extent of territory, and there has been considerable destruction of property. The air everywhere is full of smoke, and as the telegraph wires are down in many places, it is impossible to get full particulars. On the south side of the river, so far as we have been able to learn, very little damage has been done. It was reported that the Royal City Planing Mill Co.'s logging camp at Mud bay had been burned, with a loss of upwards of $10,000 in timber and plant. We are glad to find, on application at the company's office, that the report is not correct. Fires were burning near the camp, but there had been no loss to speak of. From Mud bay to Hope there are many fires, but they are principally the result of efforts to burn off timber from land that is being cleared for agricultural purposes. Across the boundary, however, there has been quite serious loss. A despatch received yesterday from Nootsack gives the following partial list of the disasters in that region: Darango lost a barn, 35 tons hay, and a lot of fencing; Bishop, a large barn; White, a dwelling house; McDougall, a dwelling house and contents; Killcup, a barn, outhouses and crop; Thomas, a dwelling house and crop; Bradley, two dwelling houses with contents, outhouses and crops; Baker, dwelling house and contents; Fisher, dwelling house and contents; Ripley, dwelling house and contents. In this settlement alone eight buildings, three barns, and a good deal of crop and other property have been lost. On the north side of the river matters are even worse. The fire extends from above Yale down to English bay. A few days ago Emory came very near being wiped out of existence, but the heroic efforts of her citizens saved everything but a few dwelling and shanties of small value. At Cat's landing it is reported that McRae's logging camp has been burned. Between Stave river and Port Hammond the fire has swept over a large tract of country, and several cabins in the rear of Maple Ridge, near the Lillooet river, have been burned. Capt. Pittendrigh's dwelling on his ranch at Pitt river was burned early on Wednesday morning, and although nearly all the contents were saved the loss is considerable. The house cost $2,500, and was insured for $1,000. Some of the fences and crop, and a lot of timber were also burned; and Mr. McLellan's house adjoining was also swept away. Mr Rousseau lost about 70 cords of tan bark which was stacked there awaiting transportation to the Brunette tannery. The bark was worth over $500. All about Port Moody the fires have been burning for days, and great damage must have been done to the strip of valuable timber between Port Moody and the river. A large quantity of cordwood cut by Mr. Docksteader near the Thompson trail was also burnt up. This wood was cut some years ago, but on account of the excessive dues demanded by the Dominion government Mr. Docksteader let it lie there. Now neither the government nor Mr. Docksteader will realize anything for it. Port Moody road has been blocked up in a great many places by fallen trees, and a gang of men is at work all the time keeping it open. The fire is now westward nearly to the Brunette river. North of Burrard Inlet, near Moodyville, the fire is raging, and it is reported that a logging camp in that vicinity has been burned. Large quantities of smoke are coming over from Vancouver Island, and the whole country appears to be suffering. There are indications of rain and it is much needed.—*Columbian.*

The Difference Between a Body Drowned and one Placed in the Water.

Dr. Taylor, in conversation with several gentlemen and a reporter of *The Colonist*, gave the principal signs relied on by medical jurists in cases of death by drowning and those of murder placed in the water to avoid detection:

Death from drowning—The body is very cold, even colder than the water; pupil of the eyes dilated and lids half open; the countenance placid and pale, features not distorted, visage swollen; the mouth filled with froth, the tongue protruding only as far as the teeth slightly beyond the incisors; the limbs more or less stiff; fingers half closed on the hand, with dirt or sand under the nails, and the end of the fingers worn as from grasping on the ground; the lungs and abdomen disturbed, with froth in the bronchial tubes; the stomach filled with the same water in which the person was drowned; the lungs dilated and gorged with blood; black fluid blood in the right cavities of the heart, and the internal surface of a jet black appearance.

Death before the body is placed in the water—1st. The evidences of violence, which are not likely to occur in a dead body unless in a very rapid stream; 2nd. Strangulation—The thorax and abdomen are flat unless distended with the gas of putrefaction; the countenance distorted and livid; eyes congested and the eyeballs protruding from the sockets, no excoriations on the ends of the fingers or dirt under the nails; nails blue, hands clenched; engorgement of the brain; ecchymosis about the neck with evidences of bruises; the large blood vessels disturbed; no fluid in the stomach but the natural contents; bloody discharges from the mouth, nose and ears.

CHINESE INTERPRETER.—Mr. Wm. Cumyow, the manager of the King Tye Co., of Cormorant street, is an applicant for the position of Dominion Chinese interpreter under the new act. Should he receive the appointment it will be generally conceded as a good one for no one in the province is better qualified to fill the position satisfactorily. Mr. Cumyow is a native of the province, thoroughly understands the English and Chinese methods of transacting business and speaks fluently the English and three dialects of the Chinese languages. His school and business education have been received here, and he is also a member of the Episcopal church. A petition in his favor is being largely signed by the leading wholesale merchants, professional and business men and the various foreign consuls.

THE MERCHANTS EXCHANGE.—This saloon, corner of Fort and Wharf streets, has been purchased by C. Pagden, who has had it thoroughly renewed and embellished, and will be pleased to see old friends and new ones.

SALMON SHIPMENT.—Welch, Rithet & Co. shipped two car-loads of salmon east yesterday over the Northern Pacific railroad.

THE BRICKYARD TROUBLES.—Messrs. Connolly and Kempster have composed their difficulties and the yard will be carried on by Mr. Kempster, as before.

COPYING PRESSES AND COPYING STANDS, with drawers, for sale cheap, by M. W. WAITT & CO.

EXPECTED IN 10 DAYS, T. N. Hibben & Co.'s Souvenir of British Columbia views. *

DROWNED IN THE HARBOR.

The Body of an Unknown Man is Found Floating on the Water.

Yesterday morning about seven o'clock an Indian on the steamer Rithet noticed the body of a man floating outside of the Hudson Bay wharf. A boat was immediately sent out and the body was landed at the foot of Yates street where it was given in charge of the police. The unfortunate man was evidently a working man, stoutly built and about forty years of age. The body was dressed in blue pants, red flannel shirt and dark coat. Ten dollars and thirty cents was found in a pocket of the pants, but nothing to identify the deceased. The police removed the body to the gaol where it was placed in the yard, a disgusting spectacle to the crowd of morbid sight-seers who viewed the remains. The feelings of the gaolor's wife and children must have been thoroughly aroused by the horrible sight beneath their windows, and it is a shame that a city the size of Victoria, with an intelligent body of men controlling its government, should be without a morgue to take dead bodies, instead of parading them in public in the gaol yard. Let there be a morgue established at once by all means.

A coroner's inquest was held at half-past eleven before coroner Johnson, and a jury comprising Alexander Black, foreman, W. Parker, J. Lippett, W. McGuire, H. Gordon and G. F. Zook.

Moses, a Cowichan Indian, testified to finding the body in the water.

Officer Grant testified to assisting in removing the body to the gaol yard, did not know deceased; searched the body and found two Bank of British Columbia five dollar bills, a twenty five cent and a five cent piece. The only mark on the body, was a slight scratch near the eye.

The jury retired and in a few minutes returned a verdict that deceased came to his death about three days ago by drowning, but there is no evidence to show what led to the drowning or the identity of deceased.

The remains were taken in charge by Mr. Storey and interred.

The Mica Mine.

A gentleman yesterday received samples in a letter from the mica mine, at present being developed in the neighborhood of Clearwater lake. This was discovered last fall by McKinley, and the present owners are McKinley, Johnson & Brodie, all old and experienced miners. With the assistance granted by the government and private funds, a trail was cut to the mine so that pack animals can be taken in. A machine for splitting the mica was procured from San Francisco and a man to work it, and this has been got to work lately. The letter does not state whether they have got out any large quantity of mineral, but the samples sent are of a very fine quality, clear as crystal and without a flaw. The persevering prospectors have evidently a valuable article which will net them large returns when developed.

The mine is situated in that portion of country between the Big Bend and Cariboo districts, hitherto almost entirely unexplored on account of the exceedingly rough nature of it. The wagon road is left at 108-mile house and the trail proceeds via Canoe lake and Clearwater river, about 100 miles from the wagon road.

The letter stated also that Messrs. McKinley and Eagle had returned, and considered that they had a big thing in the new district. The latter and his partner, Horne, went into the district to prospect for gravel, but it is not known whether good pay has been struck. There is every probability that there is gold in the district, as it is a continuation of the rich mineral belt that reaches from Alaska through to the northern states.

Blue Ribbon Club.

Last night after singing by the choir and prayer by the Rev. Mr. Dowler the president gave an enthusiastic address relating facts, showing temperance sentiment was increasing in British Columbia. The orchestra rendered "Home, Sweet Home" with variations in a perfect manner and were heartily applauded. Mr. Mears of the Constance sang a beautiful song and was encored. Mr. Wm. Burgess recited "The parting of Douglas and Marmion." H. Rudge spoke strongly of the evil of moderate drinking. Mr. Puttifoll of the Constance treated the audience to a song and received a hearty encore. Rev. Mr. Dowler gave a short address complimenting Prof. Francis and Miss Smith on the music they performed during the evening, and also stated the encouraging fact that many thousands of the English army and navy were total abstainers. Several signed the pledge and the meeting was closed by the audience singing "God Save the Queen."

Chinese Servants in Domestic Employ.

TO THE EDITOR:—As I am on the point of making a visiting tour from house to house in collecting the provincial revenue tax from the above, will you do me the favor of allowing a space in your paper to impress upon employers of such servants the propriety as well as the duty of complying with the law and paying the said tax on their behalf, deducting it from their wages, as it is a matter of impossibility to collect the tax to any extent by any other means, as Chinamen as a rule never have money in their possession unless the moment when paid.

Surely, there is not a class of persons in this community, taking into consideration their highly favored remuneration, that should be less free from exemption of paying this tax, or upon employers the duty more encumbent of rendering every reasonable assistance in its payment to the collector for the government.

W. K. BULL,
Pro. Rev. Tax Collector.

A Great Discovery.

Mr. Wm. Thomas, of Newton, Iowa, says: "My wife has been seriously affected with a cough for twenty-five years, and this spring more severely than ever before. She had used many remedies without relief, and being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery, did so, with most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved her very much, and the second bottle has absolutely cured her. She has not had so good health for thirty years." Trial bottles free at LANGLEY & Co.'s drug store. Large size, $1. Gdw

That Rarest of Combinations,

True delicacy of flavor with true efficacy of action has been attained in the famous California liquid fruit remedy Syrup of figs. Its pleasant taste and beneficial effects have rendered it immensely popular. Sample bottle free and large bottle for sale by Langley & Co., Victoria. 1

BRITISH POLITICS.

Both Parties Bidding for the Support of the Irish.

NEW YORK, July 5.—A Sun special from London of July 4th says: Both the Tories and Liberals are engaged in paying the wap for an alliance with the Parnellites. The proposal at present takes the shape of an extension of self-government to England, Scotland and Ireland. By and by, Ireland will forge to the front, and the liberals and tories will be compelled to come out with their proposals by buying off the Irish party. Lord Rosebury has gone farther than anybody has yet done in declaring that he is willing to leave to the local body of either Ireland or Scotland the settlement of the land question. Salisbury has abstained from any positive declaration, but he shows himself open to any reasonable offer by the emphatic avowal that the cry of local self-government belongs as much to the tories as to the liberals. Meanwhile the Parnellites maintain a cautious silence on the different bids for their support in parliament, but seem inclined to assist the tories, hoping thus to encourage them to outbid Chamberlain and Dilke. The Parnellite hospitality to the re-election of Lord Hill, controller of accounts in the Queen's household, at present member of parliament for County Down, is merely local.

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

Wednesday, July 15th, 1885,

WE HAVE RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS from C. S. JONES, Esq., to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

At his residence, corner Birdcage Walk and Superior street,

ALL HIS FINE ENGLISH

FURNITURE

AND EFFECTS.

DRAWING ROOM.

Fine Ebonized Suite covered in figured Velvet Plush, Black and Gold Folding Chair, Ebonized Folding Chair, Ebonized Octagon Centre Table, Ebonized Plate Glass and Fern Cheval Screen, Ebonized Coffee Table, Ebonized Coal Box and Polished Brass Fire Irons, Black and Gold Chimney Plate Glass Mirror, Black and Gold Angola Whatnot, Black and Gold Spanish Chair, Black and Gold Revolving Book Table, Black and Gold Jardineer, Brass Coal Box, Fine Majolica Flower Tubes, Brackets with raised Flowers, fine Butterfly Brackets, Match Holders, Flower Stands, Flowerpots, Flower Stand on Plateau, Statuettes (Fish Girls, Modesty and Effrontery, Grotesque Figures), Brussels Carpet, Axminster Rugs, fine Engravings, Elegant Clock, Curtains, Cornices and Blinds.

DINING ROOM.

1 Elegant Oak and Morocco Suite, comprising Gentleman's and Lady's Easy Chairs, 8 Dining Chairs, Extension Dining Table, Sideboard, Plate Glass Mirror Back and Writing Desk, Axminister Carpet and Rugs, Candlesticks,

Finest Buff Dessert Service,
do Dinner Set, Brown Albert,
do Breakfast Service,
do Tea and Coffee Set,

ELEGANT GLASSWARE—Comprising Champagnes, Claret, Sherry, Port Tumblers, Finger Glasses.

Fine Majolica and Hand Painted Ware, Trays, Jugs, Cheese Stand, Arctic Soda Stand, Oak Biscuit Box, Sardine Box, Cruet, Cut Glass Decanters, Cake Basket, Nut Crackers, Silver Dessert and Fish Knives and Forks, Cheese Scoop, Sardine Spade, Fruit Spoons, Jam Spade, Filter, Toast Rack, Salt Cellars, Gas Pendants, Whist Table, Sterescope and Views, Fireguards, Tablecloths, Napkins, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Carvers, Vegetable Dishes, Entree Dishes, Butter Dish, Electro plated Salver, Steel Plate Engravings, extra Dinner Service, Dinner Mats, Cushions, Call Bell.

HALL.

Oak Hall Stand novel design, Oak Step Chairs, Oilcloth, Door Mats, Aneroid Barometer, Stair Carpet and Rods, Croquet Chairs.

BEDROOMS.

Polished Ash Suite, Oak 7 drawer Pedestal, French Iron and Brass Bedsteads, Adults' and Children's Cots, Spring and Hair Mattresses, Bedding, Feather Pillows, Down Quilts, Double and Single Toilet Sets, Carpets, Rugs, Chamber Sets, Caraffes and Glass, Bureaus, Washstands, Tables, DAVIS' SEWING MACHINE, Work Table, Towels.

KITCHEN.

Medallion Stove, Saucepans, Flat Irons Tinware, Stone Jugs, White Crockery, Tables, Chairs, etc., etc.

The Auctioneers call attention to this sale of English Furniture and Household Effects, which will be found of superior quality. Catalogues will be ready and goods on view on Tuesday, 14th inst.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
jy5 Auctioneer.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA
Woman's Christian Temperance Union

WILL HOLD THEIR THIRD CONVENTION on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, the

22d and 23d of July.

The Morning Session of each day will open at 10 o'clock, and the Afternoon at 2 o'clock. On the Evening of both days interesting lectures are expected to be delivered by prominent speakers, beginning at 8 o'clock.

The public will be cordially welcomed to all the meetings. jy10 2w

THE ORIENTAL RESTAURANT

WILL BE OPEN DAY AND NIGHT, COMmencing July 5th.
jy8 1m WM. McKEON, Proprietor.

$200 REWARD. $200

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS WILL BE PAID by me to any person returning my

LOST DRAFT, DATED JAN. 13TH,

No. 24/23, for $2,000. No questions asked.
Return to Bank of B. C., or to me personally.
je19 1m GEO. T. BUCK.

AUCTION SALES.

G. BYRNES,
AUCTIONEER.

AUCTION!

REAL ESTATE

SALE

Of Choice Properties in Victoria City & Lake District, in Desirable Locations.

I HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED TO sell by Auction at my salesrooms, corner Fort and Langley streets,

On Saturday, 18th July,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

The following Real Estate Properties:—

JOHNSTON STREET.

LOT
1. Town Lot 1048, above Cook St., with
2. three lathed and plastered frame cot-
3. tages, four rooms each, at a rental of $10 per month.
4. Town Lot 1049, adjoining the above.

NORTH PARK STREET.

LOT
5. Sub-division No. 17 of suburban 5 acre lot No. XVIII, 50x140 deep.
6. Sub-division No. 18, adjoining above.
7. Sub-division No. 19, with a well built Frame House, five rooms and stable thereon, let at $15 per month.
8. Sub-division No. 20, with a superior dwelling of 5 rooms, let at $16 per month.

COOK, PARK AND PUTMAN STREET.

LOT
9. Sub-division No. 21, 70 feet on Cook St. x 160 on north Park St., an excellent building site.
10. Sub-division No. 22, 70 feet on Cook St., x 160 on Putman Street.

MENZIES STREET.

LOT.
11. Subdivisions Nos. 4 and 14 and southern halves of 3 and 13 of Lot XV., Beckley farm, about 3-5ths of an acre, adjoining the residence of Mr. Pittock.
12. Subdivisions Nos. 5 and 15, adjoining the above, and containing about 2-5ths of an acre.

LAKE DISTRICT.

LOT.
13. Section 58, containing 100 acres, excepting 9.61 acres, sold to the corporation of the city of Victoria.
14. Section 68, containing 100 acres.
15. Section 69, containing 100 acres.

The auctioneer would call the attention of investors to these properties as a good, sound investment. The properties in the neighborhood are being rapidly improved, and are yearly increasing in value.

For further particulars apply to the auctioneer.

Terms of Sale—One half cash; balance on mortgage, one or two years, with interest at 9 per cent. per annum.

G. BYRNES,
Auctioneer.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.

HAY!

WE WILL SELL

On the C. P. N. Co.'s Wharf,

AT 10:15 A. M.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 15, 1885,

EIGHTY

BALES HAY

TERMS CASH.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
jy10 Auctioneers.

Auction Sale

—OF—

MACHINE TOOLS

That should have taken place yesterday,
IS POSTPONED until

Monday next, 14th instant,

AT 12:30 O'CLOCK, P. M.

When the sale will take place at the Auction Room, Yates street.

W. R. CLARKE
jy8 Auctioneer.

FOR LEASE

FROM SEPTEMBER 1st, THE WHARF AND Fireproof Store (the property of J. J. Southgate) now occupied by Messrs. Welch, Rithet & Co.
For terms apply to
jy11 1m LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

CARD OF THANKS.

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO TENDER his sincere thanks to Robert Ward & Co., Agents of the Royal Insurance Co, for the very prompt payment of claim for furniture lost and damaged in the removal from his residence during the progress of the late fire on Frederick street.

W. H. BROOKS.
July 10th, 1885. jy11 3t

HORSE SALE.

THE FINE AMERICAN STOCK OF ABRAMS & Hughes, comprising

80 HEAD OF BROOD MARES & GELDINGS

Will be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION

On a credit of 12 months with approved security at 10 per cent. interest per annum,

AT RACE TRACK, NEAR SEATTLE, JULY 18th,

Sales to continue from day to day until all are sold.
jy10 ABRAMS & HUGHES.

PORT HAMILTON.

Details of its Occupation. The Importance of the Port to Great Britain.

The details of the occupation of Port Hamilton are given as follows by the Japan Gazette: "It seems that the annexation of Port Hamilton took place at 11 P. M. on the 10th. The orders had been not to run up the British flag unless the occupation was directly or indirectly challenged, and the appearance of a Russian ship constituting such a contingency, steps were at once taken to declare the nationality of the new owners. There are some 2000 Corean inhabitants, and they are described by an officer of the occupying squadron as dirty and lazy, the women and children doing all the work and the men sauntering about in soiled white clothes. No doubt they will benefit largely by being brought under British rule, but it would be interesting to know what is their present status. Are they British subjects or prisoners? Speaking from an administrative point of view, they must have been a tolerably self-sufficing community, for certainly the Government of Corea seldom, if ever, can have interfered to control them. Still the authority of their officials must have been derived from Soul, and with a British squadron in the harbor Soul has been removed to an indifinite distance. We doubt whether Admiral Dowell's instructions included any solution of this problem. The programme was that the place should not be annexed except under certain circumstances, and so long as those circumstances were absent, the use of the harbor by foreign ships need not greatly disturbed the local officials, but with the Union Jack floating from their peaks the inhabitants are reduced to a somewhat anomalous position. We are told that the occupation is to be temporary only—say, a six months' affair. During the next six months, then the island will be without an administration; it is not at all likely that England will be at the pains to appoint an administrative staff, and it is still less likely that the Corean Government will undertake to administer a district which is in English occupation. The probability is that questions of this nature will be left to settle themselves."

The Tientsin correspondent of the North China Daily News of June 1st says: "LiHung Chang has sent in his formal protest against the British occupation of Port Hamilton. You may safely rely upon it that the protest is and nothing more, and has been made for a definite purpose. The occupation of these islands was probably arranged with Corea through Mr. Aston, acting under the guidance of Sir Henry Parkes. The German officers who went some weeks ago in the two cruisers of Admiral Ting have been basting that that they hauled down the British flag there, and showed by their talk that their present masters did not approve of its being in British hands. A good story is current that last year Li Hung Chung mentioned to a foreign Minister Plenipotentiary that Great Britain should never have Port Hamilton, for she already possessed enough smuggling stations in Hongkong, without getting another on the coast of China."

It is the general impression in Japan that Russia, to offset England's occupation of Port Hamilton, will try to gain possession of the Corean port of Fusar, or one of the several fine harbors to the south of that place.

The Shanghai Mercury of June 10th has a letter from Port Hamilton of May 17th, in which the writer, who is on the ship Merrionethshire says: "The port is all laid with mines and torpedoes, and we are full up with coals and stores and provisions, for a month for 1,000 men. Sometimes the British men-of-war come and take an anchor or five tons of coal away. Two Chinese gunboats came in this morning. I don't known what they want, unless they are windbound, for it has been blowing a gale of wind for these few days past. This is a lovely harbor, quite land-locked and sheltered from all winds. It is a second Hongkong, and, in fact far better."

FRANCE.

A Terrible Tragedy.

PARIS, July 9.—Paris is excited this evening over a horrible boulevard tragedy, just reported to the police. Architect Caudray, although married and having children, maintained a liason with Mme. Bessier, wife of a shopkeeper on the boulevard Voltaire, and who had an amiable husband and a dutiful daughter. The lovers quarreled, and to-day, during the shopkeeper's absence from his place of business, Caudray called upon Mme. Bessier, and with a pistol shot her in the head. He then ended his owm life by putting a bullet through his heart. M. Bessier soon afterwards returned to his shop, and stumbled over the dead. He never believed the stories he had heard about his wife's infidelity, and the revelation came upon him so suddenly that his mind broke down, and he fled from the scene, a raving maniac, yelling his shame up and down the boulevard Voltaire. When the police overpowered him he made them understand, and the corpses were taken away from the shop. No living person knows why the suicide killed his mistress. It is thought M. Bessier will never recover his sanity.

Cholera Crosses the Frontier.

PARIS, July, 9.—Cholera, it is rumored, has crossed the Spanish frontier into the department of Aude.

BADGES FOR ALL SOCIETIES, police, firemen, &c., presentation prizes or charms in gold, silver or metal, sold at society prices at the agents of the Universal Badge Manufacturing Co., Nathan Joseph & Co., 641 Clay St., San Francisco, California. Workmen, K. of P. and any most other solid gold badges price $1.00 each, sent by mail. 6mdw*

Syrup of Figs.

Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Co., San Francisco, Cal., is Nature's own true Laxative. This pleasant liquid fruit remedy may be had of Langley & Co. Sample bottles free and large bottles at 75 cents and $1 25. It is the most pleasant, prompt and effective remedy known, to cleanse the system; to act on the Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels gently yet thoroughly; to dispel headaches, Colds and Fevers, to cure Constipation, Indigestion and kindred ills. dw13

ALMOST every person has some form of scrofulous poison latent in his veins. When this develops in scrofulous sores, ulcers, or eruptions, or takes the form of rheumatism, or organic diseases, the suffering that ensues is terrible beyond description. Hence the gratitude of those who discover, as thousands yearly do, that Ayer's Sarsaparilla will thoroughly eradicate this evil from the system. dw

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER. — Its effects are almost instantaneous, affording relief from the most intense pain. It soothes the irritated or inflamed part, and gives rest and quiet to the sufferer. It is eminently the people's friend, and every one should have it with them, or where they can put their hands on it in the dark, if need be. dw36

MISS E. CHARITY,

TEACHER OF

HARP & PIANO,

RESIDENCE:—VIEW ST., NEAR BLANCHARD. P. O. Address, Box 360. jel9 3m

MIDWIFERY.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE, RECENTLY from Halifax, N. S. Diploma and highest testimonials of proficiency from the University of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner Douglas and Cormorant streets, over Gosnell's grocery store. je24 1m

NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF PETER FRANCIS, DECEASED.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ABOVE estate are required to pay the amounts due forthwith; and all persons who have any claims against the estate are requested to forward the same, on or before the 3rd day of August next, to Mr. Theodore Lubbe, the executor, or to

MESSRS. DAVIE & POOLEY,
Solicitors, Langley street.

Dated 2nd July, 1885. jy3 1m

DUMP CARTS!

TO CONTRACTORS AND FARMERS

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE EAST A CAR-load of splendid

Dump Carts with Oak Boxes

THEY ARE OFFERED AT

Remarkably Low Prices.

Apply to
E. G. PRIOR,
Government Street, Victoria.
je12 1m

NOTICE.

BRIDGE CLOSED.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT Point Ellice Bridge will be closed from traffic on and after Monday, 13th instant, during the construction of a new bridge.

WM. SMITHE
Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works

Lands and Works Dept.,
Victoria, B.C., July 9th, 1885. jy11 1m

ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE.

TENDERS, ENDORSED "LUNATIC ASYLUM," for the supply of groceries, clothing, meat, vegetables, &c., for the use of the above Asylum, New Westminster, for one year from the 1st August next, will be received by this Department, at Victoria, until noon on Monday, the 27th instant.

Lists of the articles required can be seen at the Provincial Secretary's Office, Victoria, and at Asylum, New Westminster, at which latter place samples can also be inspected.

All supplies to be delivered at the Asylum without extra charge.

Security for the due performance of the contract will be required in each case.

JNO ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
8th July, 1885. jy11td

NOTICE.

TO DRYDOCK CLAIMANTS.

ALL PERSONS HOLDING CLAIMS AGAINST F. B. McNamee & Co., for labor performed on the Esquimalt Graving Dock, and whose claims have been reported upon favorably by the Court of Inquiry, are requested to call at the Treasury and receive payment.

S. DUCK,
Minister of Finance.

Treasury Department,
Victoria, 8th July, 1885. jy11 1m

LORNE COLLEGE!

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

PATRON—THE MARQUIS OF LORNE.
VISITOR—THE LORD BISHOP OF NEW WESTMINSTER.

THIS INSTITUTION, FOR THE EDUCATION of Boys, will

RE-OPEN SEPTEMBER 2.

As the number of Pupils must be limited, early application should be made to secure admission.

For full information apply for Prospectus to

REV. C. J. BRENTON, M. A.,
Principal.
jy10 t aul

ROCCABELLA,

PRIVATE

BOARDING HOUSE,

CHURCH HILL. je5

THE ESMOND HOTEL,

FRONT and MORRISON, PORTLAND.

ON AMERICAN OR EUROPEAN PLAN.

FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY APPOINTMENT; CENTRALLY located; coaches to and from every steamer; the comfort of guests closely cared for; prices to suit; a fine restaurant in the building.

my13 1m THOS. GUINEAN, Prop.

MUNICIPAL.

(NO. 122.)

A BYLAW

RESPECTING THE EXPENDITURE OF THE MUNICIPAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR 1885.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Finance Committee of the said Council to arrange for and obtain a credit by way of overdraft upon current account with the Bank of British North America to an amount not exceeding in the whole the sum of $35,000, including the now existing overdraft.

2. All moneys so overdrawn shall be used for the ordinary current expenditure of the said Corporation and shall be repaid to the said Bank on or before the 31st day of December, 1885, out of the Municipal Revenue of the said Corporation for the current year.

3. This Bylaw may be cited as the "Bank Credit Bylaw, 1885"

Passed the Municipal Council the 17th day of June, A. D. 1885.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council the 24th day of June, A. D. 1885.

R. P. RITHET,
Mayor.

{L.S.} JAMES D. ROBINSON,
C. M. C.
je27

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

MERCHANTS AND OTHERS ON THE LINE of the New Wood Gutter on the South Side of Yates street, requiring to cross or back teams, waggons or other vehicles over the said gutter, are hereby required to provide FENDERS or Coverings for the protection of the same, and also are hereby cautioned against sweeping papers and other rubbish into the gutter and choking it up.

By order of the Mayor and Council,
JAMES D. ROBINSON, C. M. C.

City Hall, 12th June, 1885. Je13

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

REMOVAL OF THISTLES

OWNERS AND AGENTS OF PROPERTY WITHIN the City Limits are hereby notified to remove Thistles which may be growing upon their lots; otherwise the provisions of the Thistle Bylaw will be enforced.

Bo order of the Mayor and Council.
JAMES D. ROBINSON,
C. M. C.

City Hall, June 25th, 1885. je26tf

REMOVAL.

READ'S SHOE SHOP,

STORE STREET,
OPPOSITE THE GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL
je9 3m

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

S. PERRY MILLS,

BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR, HAS REMOVED to the offices recently occupied by Mr. Wm Pollard, Langley street. je31m

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

IN THE MATTER OF THE

DOMINION SAWMILL

COMPANY (LIMITED.)

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT BY ORDER OF Court dated 12th June, 1885, I have been appointed Provisional Liquidator to wind up the said Company, subject to the title of Mr. A. A. Green as Mortgagee, who is, by the winding-up order, authorized and empowered to proceed to a sale of the Land, Sawmill, Machinery, Chattels and Effects of the Company included in a mortgage from the Company to him.

And notice is hereby further given that all creditors and other persons whomsoever, except the Mortgagee above named, are restrained from taking or prosecuting any actions or proceedings against the Company or its assets, and that all debtors to the Company, or persons having any of its effects not included in the said mortgage, are to make payment or delivery, as the case may be, to the Official Liquidator.

je13 JAMES C. PREVOST

ESTATE OF THOMAS CHARLES, DECEASED

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the above estate are requested to hand them in to the undersigned forthwith; and all persons owing the said estate will please make prompt payment to

HAMILTON MOFFATT,
Executor.

Victoria, B.C., April 17th, 1885. je19 2m

R. C. JANION

AGENT FOR THE

UNION MARINE INSURANCE

COMPANY, OF LIVERPOOL.

HAS ON HAND

TINPLATES,

Coke IC, Charcoal IC and IX.

Terneplates,

IC, 14x20 and 20x28.

PIG IRON,

COPPER BARS & SHEETS

SHEET LEAD,
GALVANIZED IRON BUCKETS,
FRYPANS, TIN,
SHEET IRON,
EARTHENWARE

SOLE AGENT FOR

Pig Brand Bottlings of

BASS' ALE & GUINNESS' STOUT,

IND COOPE'S BOTTLED ALE,
VAL BLATZ MILWAUKEE BEER,
"ROYAL BLEND"

SCOTCH WHISKEY,

Octaves and Cases.

North British Floorcloth Co.'s FLOORCLOTH, 3, 4 & 5yd widths, also Passage Cloths in every width.

HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND:

IRISH WHISKEY—Kinnahan and Dunville.
BRANDY—DeLaage Fils, ½-casks and octaves, Cases—1 star, 3 star, 5 star and flasks.
PORT WINE, SHERRY and CLARET,
BLANKETS—Red, Green and White,
TAPESTRY, BRUSSELS and SOFA CARPETS,
je26 Etc., Etc., Etc.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., LIMIT'D

Taking effect from July 8th Steamers will leave as follows, viz:—.

FRASER RIVER ROUTE.

FROM VICTORIA FOR	MONDAY.	TUESDAY.	WEDNESDAY.	THURSDAY.	FRIDAY.	SATURDAY.
Ladner's Landing, New Westminster and Pt. Hammond..	7 A. M.	....	7 A. M.	....	7 A. M.	....
Plumper Pass............	7 A. M.	....	....	....	7 A. M.	....
Granville, Moodyville, Pt Moody	....	12 M.	....	....	....	....

NOTE—Freight for Points in the Interior must be shipped via Port Hammond and Shippers are requested to mark weight on each package.

NOTICE—Steamer R. P. RITHET will leave Victoria for Yale on SATURDAY, July 11th, at ONE p. m. stopping at regular way landings. Special Rate to Tourists.

No freight will be received after 5 p.m. JNO. IRVING, Manager. de2tf

NOTICES.

ESTATE OF JOHN GASTINEAU,

DECEASED, INTESTATE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ABOVE estate will please to pay at once, and all claims against the said estate are requested to be sent (duly proved) to the undersigned.

JAMES C. PREVOST,
Administrator,

Victoria, April 16, 1885. ap17 3m

NOTICE—THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, carrying on business at the Senate Saloon, Government street, Victoria, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Capt. Tibbals will pay all the debts incurred up to this date. Dated this 25th day of June, 1885.

H. L. TIBBALS, Sr.,
AMOS VADER.

Witness—S. PERRY MILLS, Solicitor, Victoria. je26 1m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE applied to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to cut timber on a tract of land in the Goldstream District, bounded by a line commencing at a stake on Waugh's Creek, 50 feet west from the centre line of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway, at Station 445; thence running parallel to said centre line, at the distance of 50 feet therefrom to Goldstream, opposite Station 456; thence up Goldstream a distance of about 1¼ miles to the southern boundary line of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company's land grant; thence southwesterly along said boundary line a distance of 90 chains; thence southeasterly to Waugh's Creek; thence to the point of commencement.

Victoria, B C., 8th July, 1885.
jy9 1m JOSEPH HUNTER.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION will be made to the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia, at its next session, by and on behalf of the settlers and owners of land situate at and upon the Matsqui Prairie, upon the Fraser River, for the passage of an Act for the relief of the said settlers and owners from the provisions of the "Sumass Dyking Act, 1878," and its amendment of 1883, and to annul and declare forfeited all rights and powers heretofore conferred by the said Act and amendment upon E. L. Derby, or his assigns, to collect assessments or interest from the applicants and to repeal such Act and amendment so far as they are concerned.

Matsqui, March 6th, 1885. mh8td

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

THAT WE INTEND TO APPLY TO THE CHIEF Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease for timbering purposes the following described land, situated in the District of New Westminster:—

Commencing at a point about three miles northwest of Thunder Bay, Jervis Inlet; thence west, 480 chains; thence north, 200 chains; thence east, 240 chains; thence south, 80 chains; thence east, 240 chains; thence south, 120 chains, to point of commencement, containing 7680 acres, more or less.

MOODYVILLE SAWMILL CO,
(Limited.)
B. SPRINGER, Manager.

Burrard Inlet, 1st June, 1885. je18 2m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned will not be responsible for any debt incurred by any person assuming to act for him, unless specially authorized (by writing signed by him) to incur the same.

A. ONDERDONK,
Yale, B. C.

June 4th 1885. je5tf

DOMINION GOVERNMENT

SAVINGS BANK.

Depositors are requested to present their PASS BOOKS at the Office, Government street, for insertion of accrued interest at the 30th June, 1885.

JOHN GRAHAM,
ASSISTANT RECEIVER-GENERAL.

VICTORIA, July 2nd, 1885. jy3 1m

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

Between EDWARD SKUSE, Plaintiff,
AND
JAMES SUMNER, Defendant.

MONDAY, the 22nd day June, 1885.

UPON MOTION OF MR. S. P. MILLS, OF COUNsel for the above named Plaintiff, and upon reading the affidavit of the Plaintiff filed this day, do order that the said Defendant and his agents be and they are hereby restrained until the ninth day of July, 1885, from possessing himself, of getting in, or receiving from any person or bank any monies deposited in the name of the Defendant, or in the name of any other person in his behalf, such monies being the monies of the Plaintiff, and from disposing of charging, or incumbering any of the moneys, cred property, assets, estate or effects of or belonging to the above named Plaintiff or belonging to his business as hotel-keeper and genera store dealer a Skuse's Hotel, at or near Lytton, British Columbia, and from incurring any debts or debt in respect of the said business, or in any manner interfering in or intermeddling with the said business or any of the monies, property, assets or affairs thereof of the Plaintiff. And I further order that the Plaintiff may be at liberty to move on the ninth day of July, at 12 o'clock noon, for a continuance of this order; and I do further order that copies of this order be served on the Chief Officer of the Dominion Savings Bank at Victoria, the Manager of the Bank of British Columbia at Victoria, the Manager of the Bank of British North America at Victoria, the Manager of the Bank of Messrs Garesche, Green & Co., at Victoria, with liberty to all parties affected by this order to apply in the meantime as they may be advised.

je23 10tdw "H. P. PELLEW CREASE, J."

ESTATE OF JOHN BAGNALL, DECEASED.

THE EXECUTORS OF THE ABOVE ESTATE having sold the stock to M. W. WAITT & CO., request that all accounts be paid to Mr. C. A. Lombard at Bagnall's Music Store. Mr. Lombard will also settle all liabilities. All accounts to be settled without delay.

M. A. BAGNALL, Executrix.

Victoria, June 27th, 1885. je28 1m

VICTORIA THEATRE CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT CERTIFIcate Number Four, representing Five Shares in this Company in the name of Joseph Boscowitz, having been lost, a New Certificate for same, for which application has been made, will be issued in 60 days from this date.

JNO. J. AUSTIN,
Secretary.

Victoria Theatre Co.'s Office,
The Colonist Building, Government St,,
Victoria, June 22nd, 1885. Je23 2m

WANTED.

WANTED

A BOY FOR LIGHT WORK— Apply at *The Colonist* Office.

WANTED.

A SECOND-HAND BUGGY—MUST BE CHEAP and in good condition. Apply with particulars to "W.C.," *The Colonist* Office. jy3 1m

WANTED

A WHITE GIRL AS SERVANT— Apply at the office of THE DRIARD HOUSE. jy7 6t

PARTNER WANTED

WITH MODERATE CAPITAL TO TAKE HALF interest in a splendid paying contract. See "PRINCIPAL," 11 a. m., Oriental Hotel. jy1tf

WANTED.

100 MEN!

TO WORK ON THE ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RAILWAY,

BETWEEN COWICHAN AND NANAIMO.

Highest Wages Paid to first-class Men.

jy1tf BELL, LARKIN & PATERSON.

WANTED

A PARTNER—BY A DOMINION LAND SURveyor and C. E. Address "H.," this office. jy4*1w

WANTED

SOME BRICK BURNERS AND SETTERS. Call at the office in *The Colonist* Building. KEMPSTER BROS. je27tf

EAST SOUTH SAANICH SCHOOL.

A FIRST-CLASS TEACHER WANTED FOR THE above school. Salary $80 per month. Duties to commence August 1st. Apply or address

T. MICHELL,
Secty-Treas. South Saanich School Board.
je19

$1000—PARTNER WANTED

IN AN ESTABLISHED, GENTLEMANLY AND profitable office business. First-class references given and required. The right man can secure a good income, continually increasing. A portion of the business is a monopoly. Address A. J. WELCH, Attorney-at-Law, Portland, Oregon. je27 6t

WANTED

A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK— Apply at *The Colonist* Office. je17

DENTISTRY.

T. J. JONES, L. D. S.,

GRADUATE AND MEMBER OF ROYAL College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario, Moody's Block, corner Yates and Broad streets.

☞ All Dental Operations performed in a skilful manner.

Has been 23 years engaged in dental practice. mh7

R. B. THOMPSON,

DENTIST,

OFFICE:—Old Masonic Building, over Messrs. Wilson & Co.'s Dry Goods Store Government Street.

☞ Nitric Oxide Gas (Laughing Gas) administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth.

OFFICE HOURS—9 a. m., 5 p. m. mh26

A. C. WEST,

SURGEON DENTIST,

ALL OPERATIONS PERFORMED IN A SKILful manner. Dental Rooms—Denny's building, Government street. my31 1m

CAUTION!

CURTIS'S & HARVEY'S

SPORTING POWDER!

IT HAVING BEEN REPORTED THAT CERTAIN unscrupulous dealers have been buying up empty cans formerly used for Messrs. Curtis's & Harvey's celebrated Diamond Grain Powder and filling them with an article of inferior manufacture: Notice is hereby given that any infringement on the rights of Messrs. Curtis's & Harvey will be dealt with according to law without further notification.

ROBERT WARD & CO.,

AGENTS FOR

MESSRS. CURTIS'S & HARVEY, LONDON.

☞ Sportsmen can rely on procuring the genuine Diamond Powder of Messrs Curtis's & Harvey from Mr. HENRY SHORT, Gunsmith, Fort street. jy7

DR. PADDOCK

SPECIALLY PREPARED TO SUCCESSFULLY treat all Diseases of Women—Anemic Children—of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Lungs—all Deformities Nervous and Generative Debility, etc.

Deformity, Uterine and Electrical Appliances furnished. Use Electricity extensively. Prompt attention to letters of enquiry. Free consultation from 1:30 to 3:30 and 7 to 8. Office and Parlors at the Revere House (Mrs. Beaven's), Pandora street, corner Quadra. je27 3m

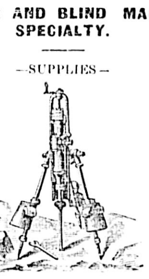
PARKE & LACY,

IMPORTERS & DEALERS IN

MACHINERY.

SASH, DOOR AND BLIND MACHINES A SPECIALTY.

—SUPPLIES—



PACIFIC COAST AGENTS FOR

THE WESTINGHOUSE ENGINES,

66 NORTH FRONT STREET,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

Persons ordering will please mention this paper. my27tf

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WE HAVE APPLIED to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to cut timber on 640 acres of land described as follows:—

Commencing at a stake placed on the coast about 15 chains west of Coal Creek, on the Straits of Juan de Fuca, near the coast of Vancouver Island, running due north 80 chains; thence west, 80 chains; thence south, 80 chains; thence following shore line (east), to place of commencement.

HENRY ANDERSON,
DAVID ANDERSON.

Victoria, B.C., July 10th, 1885. jy11 1m

ARCHITECTS.

REMOVAL.

JNO. TEAGUE,

ARCHITECT

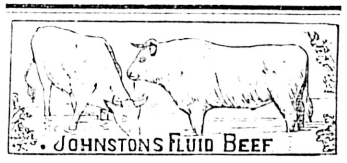
HAS REMOVED TO OFFICES OVER SHEARS & Page, London House, Government street. ap9

THOS. TROUNCE

ARCHITECT, ETC.

OFFICE ON KANE STREET, ABOVE DOUGLASS

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS CAREFULLY prepared for Public Buildings or Private Residences, and the usual business of an Architect promptly executed. 3m



JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF,

Johnston's Fluid Chicken,

JOHNSTON'S DESSICATED OYSTERS.

ALL THE ABOVE PREPARATIONS ARE INvaluable to invalids and a favorite luxury with convalescents.

Sold by all Druggists and Grocers. no16 1y

Fac-simile of our Bottle.
Club Whiskey
1879
Hiram Walker & Sons
Walkerville Canada

The Inland Revenue Department having recently adopted regulations permitting distillers to bottle "in bond," under the supervision of an officer, the product of their own distilleries, we are now enabled to offer the public our

FINE OLD

WHISKIES

bottled in accordance with these regulations, and each bottle bearing Excise Officer's certificate as to age of contents. This gives the consumer a perfect and indisputable guarantee as to age, which cannot be obtained in any other way. We are now bottling our celebrated

CLUB WHISKEY

OF 1879

And our Old Rye Whiskey of 1879, 1880, and 1883, which can be had of all dealers. See that every bottle has our name on capsule and cork, and has Excise Certificate over capsule.

HIRAM WALKER & SONS

DISTILLERS, WALKERVILLE, ONT.

AGENTS—TURNER, BEETON & CO., VICTORIA, B. C. eod dw

VICTORIA MARBLE WORKS

MONUMENTS
TABLETS
TOMBS, MANTEL
FURNITURE
WORK,
ETC., ETC., &

☞ ALSO, FURNISH STONE FOR BUILDING PURPOSES. ☜

DOUGLAS STREET, BET. CORMORANT AND FISGARD.

GEORGE RUDGE, PROPRIETOR.

All Orders promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. no8dw8m

Long Looked For.

COME AT LAST.

—THE—

Pacific Incubator

Hatches Eggs better than a Hen
The Best Machine in the World

Send Stamp for Illustrated Circular to GEO. B. BAYLEY, Manufacturer, No. 1306 Castro St., Oakland, Cal. ja2 6mdw

ANOTHER GREAT DISCOVERY

IT HAS JUST BEEN DISCOVERED BY THE Residents of Victoria that the

CHEAP

VARIETY STORE,

MASONIC BUILDING, DOUGLAS STREET,

IS THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN TOWN FOR

BOOTS & SHOES

Of every description, and that for CASH they can buy

Ladies' Glove Kid Gaiters for..........$1 25 per pair
Am. Kid and Goat Pebble .... 2 00 "
Fine Calf do .... 2 25 "
Croquet Shoes.............. 1 00 "
Sara Bernhardt Shoes, Fine Calf and Aligator.............. 2 25 "

And the Finest French Kid Gaiters ever seen in the market at 50 per cent. below so-called clearance prices.

Men's Boots and Shoes from..........$1 50 per pair
Boys' and Misses' from.............. 75 "
Children's from..........75c. to 1 00 "

☞ Ladies waited on at their own residences. Direct Postals to Box 572 P. O. je16

LAND REGISTRY ORDINANCE, 1870

Part (59x60 feet) of Lot No. 419, Victoria City.

WHEREAS THE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE OF Minerva Taber Adams, of Victoria, Province of British Columbia, to the above mentioned portion of said Lot, bearing date the 23rd day of February, 1880, has been lost, and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate: Notice is therefore hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

CHAS. JAS. LEGGATT,
Acting Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria,
26th June, 1885. Je26td

HOME SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES

1825 TELEGRAPH AVENUE, OAKLAND, CAL.

(Organized in 1872 by the late Miss H. N. FIELD.)

THE FOURTEENTH YEAR WILL BEGIN ON Wednesday, July 29th.

Address: MISS L. TRACY,
Principal.
jy28 1m

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,

BANKERS

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA B. C

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD SILVER AND U. S. Currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

GOLD DUST AND U. S. CURRENCY

PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

SIGHT DRAFTS AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS
SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK AND CANADA.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON

Available in all parts of Europe, England Ireland and Scotland.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the Principal Cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARGO & CO

jy9 1y

J. & A. BOSKOWITZ,

JOHNSON ST., NEAR WHARF,

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR FURS AND DEER SKINS.
ap12 3m

RAILWAYS.

OREGON RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

TIME TABLE.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS.

Leaves Victoria at.............. 1.30 p.m
Arrives at New Tacoma at.............. 9.45 p.m.
Arrives at Portland at.............. 12.30 p.m.
Leaves Portland at.............. 1.30 p.m.
Arrives at Walla Walla at.............. 4.55 a.m.
Arrives at Helena, Mon., at.............. 7.50 a.m.
Arrives at St. Paul, Minn., at.............. 12.30 p.m.

PACIFIC EXPRESS.

Leaves St. Paul at.............. 4.05 p.m.
Leaves Helena at.............. 7.55 p.m.
Leaves Walla Walla at.............. 8.55 p.m.
Arrives at Portland at.............. 12.00 m.
Arrives at New Tacoma at.............. 8.05 p.m.
Arrives at Victoria at.............. 10.00 a.m.

NOTE—Steamers leave Victoria daily, except Sunday, connecting at Portland with Express trains for the East.

☞ Passengers will leave on regular transfer boat which leaves Ash street wharf at 1:30 p.m. daily The tickets they hold will secure their transfer.

☞ This is the only line from Puget Sound to all Eastern points in the United States and Canada. Call upon or write to

ROBT. IRVING, AGENT,
OFFICE—C. P. N. Co's Building, Wharf St.

C. H. PRESCOTT, Manager

JOHN MUIR, Traffic Manager. JNO J. BYRNE, Gen. Pass. & Fgt. Agent.

General Offices, corner Front and D. streets, Portland, Oregon. ja16 1y

ROBERT WARD & CO.,

MERCHANTS, SHIPPING & INSURANCE AGENTS
WHARF ST., VICTORIA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

Assets .... $26,225,525.

The Royal has a larger surplus (exclusive of capital) than any other British office. Risks accepted and Losses adjusted promptly and liberally by ROBERT WARD & CO., Gen. Agents for B. C.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INS. CO.

Capital .... $9,260,0000.

Policies issued and Losses paid by ROBERT WARD & CO., Gen. Agents.

STANDARD ASSURANCE COMPANY

Accumulated Funds $31,000,000

Proposals for Assurances and Endowments received at Victoria, B. C., Agency, where risks are accepted and losses paid. For rates of premium apply to ROBERT WARD & CO., Agents and Secretaries to Local Board of Directors

UNION MARINE INSURANCE CO.

LONDON & PROVINCIAL MARINE INS. CO

Marine Risks on Hulls, Cargo and Treasure written at this Agency.

ROBERT WARD & CO.,
Agents, Wharf st., Victoria.
ja1 1y

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE

MYRTLE NAVY

IS MARKED

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER IS GENUINE

ja31eod dw

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE applied to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to cut timber on a tract of land in the Gold-tream District, bounded on the north by a line running from the northwest corner of Joseph Hunter's application, along the south boundary line of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Company's land grant, a distance of 90 chains; thence southeasterly to Waugh's creek; thence along said creek to the southwest corner of Joseph Hunter's application; thence along west boundary of said application to point of commencement.

WILLIAM ANGUS.

9th July, 1885. jy10 1m

LOTUS OF THE NILE

THAT QUEEN OF PERFUMES for the Handkerchief.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO.,

(SOLE AGENTS

de17 MONTREAL.

G. BYRNES,

AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER,

COMMISSION AND REAL ESTATE

AGENT AND BROKER.

AUCTION ROOMS—Corner of Fort and Langley streets au24 1m

QUALIFICATION AND REGISTRATION OF VOTERS' ACT, 1876.

ELECTORAL DISTRICTS OF VICTORIA CITY AND ESQUIMALT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, IN PURsuance of sub-section f, of clause 9, of the "Qualification and Registration of Voters' Act, 1876," I shall, on Monday, the 3rd day of August next, hold a Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing and determining any or all objections against the retention of any names on the Registers of Voters.

Such Court will be open at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Court House, James Bay, Victoria.

HARVEY W. H. COMBE,
Collector.

Victoria, B.C., June 1st, 1885 je13td

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY CAUTIONED

AGAINST SUPPLYING JOHN J. CUMMINGS with anything on my credit, as I have no been, am not, and will not be responsible for any debts contracted by him on my account

J. S. ANTONELLI, Contractor

March 21st, 1885. ap

CREDITORS' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ARCHIBALD DOCKSTADTER.

ARCHIBALD DOCKSTADTER, OF PORT HAMmond, having assigned his estate to A. B. Gray of Wharf street, Victoria, for the benefit of such of his creditors as should execute the deed of assignment, all persons having claims against the said Archibald Dockstadter are requested to send, on or before the first day of July, 1885, a statement thereof verified by a statutory declaration, to A. B. Gray. Creditors who cannot attend to execute the deed are requested to appoint an attorney for that purpose.

Dated the 1st day of June, 1885. je2 1m

[Columbian copy.]

WELLINGTON COAL.

W. T. DRAKE,

COAL AND COMMISSION MERCHANT

OFFICE—FOOT OF YATES STREET.

N. B.—Free and Bonded Storage. Telephone

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY DAVID W. HIGGIN at his office, Government Street, Victoria, B. C.